McKean Miner.

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THE McKEAN MINER.

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Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.

McKEAN LODGE, No. 353, F. & A. M., meets on the afternoon and fourth Wednesdays of each month, at 1 o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.

C. M. SMITH, W. M.
E. H. HAND, Sec'y.

A. O. U. W.

Smethport Lodge, No. 161, meets every Tuesday evening in the Masonic Hall.

H. L. BURLINGAME, M. W.
WARREN GIFFORD, Recorder.

I. O. O. F.

Meets every Monday evening at Masonic Hall

H. W. KEPLER, N. G.
W. H. WETHERALL, Sec'y.

Churches.

METHODIST.—W. H. WAGONER, pastor. Sabbath-school every sabbath at 9 a. m., and Preaching at 11 a. m., and 7 p. m. Class Meeting directly after morning services. Prayer Meetings on Thursday evenings at 7 p. m.

BAPTIST.—W. C. Wilson, pastor. Preaching at half-past 10 a. m. and half-past 6 p. m. Sabbath-school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 p. m.

EPISCOPAL.—The Rev. J. Huber McCausland, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m. Sunday-school at 9 a. m.

ST. ELIZABETH CATHOLIC CHURCH.—Rev. J. F. SMITH, pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 a. m. Sunday School at 3 p. m. Services on each alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Borough Officers.

Burgess—J. C. Backus.
Asst Burgess—S. J. Gifford.
Council—S. A. Backus, Wm. Rainey, W. D. Colcleugh, M. A. Sprague, Warley Gifford, J. C. Hamlin.
Constable—H. L. Burlingame.
High Constable—Frank Kerns.
School Directors—J. C. Backus, H. L. McCoy, Ira S. Gleason, David Sterrett, H. L. Forsyth, Stephen Pattinson.
Justices—S. J. Smith, P. Ford.
Auditors—John Forrest, John R. Shoemaker.
Poor-masters—Frank Kerns, Alfred Shurtleff.
Judges of Elections—P. Walker.
Inspectors—John Beckwith, J. A. McIntire.
Assessor—H. L. Knapp.

Official Directory.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY

President Judge—H. W. Williams, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Additional Judge—S. F. Wilson, Wellsboro, Tioga Co.
Associate Judges—W. S. Brownell, Smethport, P. N. Burnham, Eldred.
District Attorney—S. W. Smith, Port Allegany.
Sheriff—Rowell Shurtleff, Smethport.
Prothonotary—John B. Brawley, Bradford.
County Treasurer—J. W. Brennan, Smethport.
Commissioners—W. J. Colegrove, N. W. Ashley, John G. Bovee.
Court's Clerk—John R. Shoemaker, Smethport.
Jury Com'rs—N. C. Gallup, D. P. Coon.
Auditors—A. H. Kensinger, J. J. Roberts, C. L. Bellows.
County Surveyor—C. H. Von Bradford, Pa.
Regular Terms of Court—Fourth Monday in February, May and September, and third Monday of December.

Regular Meetings of Co Commissioners.

The County Commissioners will hold regular sessions at the Commissioners office on the first Monday of each month, for the transaction of any business that may be brought before them. *Also*, a special meeting will be held on the first Thursday after each court week for the settlement of county costs in Common wealth cases.

J. R. SHOEMAKER, Clerk.

BLANK PRINTING.

THE MINER JOB ROOMS are abundantly supplied with facilities for doing fine Blank Printing. We make a specialty of this class of printing, and challenge comparison of our work and prices with that of any first class Blank Printing House. We keep in stock all the usual forms of LEGAL and CONVEYANCING, JUSTICES', CONSTABLES' and TOWNSHIP BLANKS, and print on short notice any style and form desired. Samples, estimates and prices furnished on application. Orders by mail promptly attended to.

Miscellaneous.

MILLINERY STORE.

I am constantly receiving additions to my stock of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOOD, DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS

and am prepared to SELL AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Mrs. T. D. Nash,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

TO ADVERTISERS.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S

SELECT LIST OF LOCAL NEWSPAPERS

An advertiser who spends upwards of $5,000 a year, and who invested less than $200 in this List, writes: "Your select Local List paid me better last year THAN ALL THE OTHER ADVERTISING I DID."

IT IS NOT A COOPERATIVE LIST.
IT IS NOT A CHEAP LIST.
IT IS AN HONEST LIST.

The catalogue states exactly what the papers are. When the name of a paper is printed in FULL FACE TYPE it is the only paper in the place. The list gives the population of every town and the circulation of every paper.

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Professional Cards.

Attorneys.

BYRON D. HAMLIN. DELANO R. HAMLIN

HAMLIN & SON,

LAW AND LAND OFFICE

Smethport, Pa.

As Counsel. Try causes in the Courts. Investigate Land Titles and Oil Leases. Collect claims. Do Conveyancing by Deeds, Contracts and Leases with care and dispatch.

Notary Public in their Office.

General Agency of the Keating Lands.

D. STERRETT. ROBT. H. ROSE.

STERRETT & ROSE,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS.

(Office over Hall's Gallery.)

SMETHPORT PA.

BACKUS & GORTON.

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

Smethport, Pa.

Office:—Sartwell Block, Main Street.

C. BACKUS. SHERIDAN GORTON.

E. L. KEENAN,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

OFFICE: Gleason's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

All legal business attended to promptly.

THOS. A. MORRISON,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

OFFICE: Gleason's Building, nearly opposite the Court House.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Collections and other legal business carefully and promptly attended to.

W. J. MILLIKEN

ATTORNEY and COUNSELLOR at LAW

Rooms 5 and 6 Hall Block.

BRADFORD, PA.

P. FORD,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office Miner Block, Church Street.

Smethport, Pa.

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

(DISTRICT ATTORNEY,)

Port Allegany, Pa.

C. A. BERRY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

NOTARY PUBLIC, U. S. COMMISSIONER.

Office Exchange Building, Main St.

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

R. H. STONE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

Office with Kay, Binder, over Pemberton's

Bradford, Pa.

MULLIN & McCLURE,

ATTORNEYS - AT - LAW,

Main St. Bradford, Pa.

H. J. MUSE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

BROWNSPORT, PA.

A. A. CRAIG.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Kendall Creek, Pa.

E. R. MAYO,

Attorney at Law and Notary Public,

Eldred, McKean Co. Pa.

J. C. STURGEON. GEO. A. STURGEON.

J. C. STURGEON & BRO.,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

ROOM No. 10, OIL EXCHANGE,

BRADFORD, PA.

P. R. COTTER,

ATTORNEY - AT - LAW,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Business Cards.

S. A. BISHOP,

ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,

Smethport Pa.

L. B. HOBBS,

TEACHER OF

PIANO, ORGAN, BAND AND VOCAL MUSIC,

only SMETHPORT, PA.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive moneys for moneys applications to buy lands. He will give information generally, in any business of this Estate, in McKean County. His office is over

HASKIN & GIFFORD'S STORE.

ROBT. C. SIMPSON,
Agent of the Trustees.

WELLSBORO, Dec. 31, 1878. 1

W. S. BROWNELL & SONS,

Dealers in

Dry Goods & Groceries,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Etc.

SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

$2 Printing Outfit—consisting of a Type-set Printing Press, with cases and complete outfit, for your own use or apprentice. Illustrated Catalogue, Specimens, &c., for 3 stamps. Address KELSEY & CO., Meriden, Conn.

SELECT POETRY.

THE YESTERDAYS.

I take the gifts, O yesterdays,
And ask from all unfriendly eyes
I set them one by one away,
Secure from all change or sore surprise

I take your gifts, glad yesterdays!
And when I turn from work to play,
From care to rest, they'll make me joy,
And make my heart to bubble!

I take your gifts, sad yesterdays!
The better deeds I might have done,
The tears I might have wiped away,
The higher heights I might have won

You show, O fearful yesterdays,
How pass my life's most perfect part,
You tear the crown of pride away,
And give to dread the pitying heart

I see the wave of summer weeds,
I hear the lapse of harvest streams,
The inheritance of the homeless years
Runs on out and low along my dreams.

And still a tender heart unfolds
A faded face, a haunting tone
The lingering fragrance of a lost
One yesterday made all its own.

I take your gifts, rich yesterdays!
Henceforth may no soul call me poor
Fortune may strip her guards away,
The wealth of all the past is sure

We jostle in the careless crowd,
We meet, we part, we go our ways,
But each, unseen, bears up to God
The sum of all his yesterdays

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Private Secretary.

"Both are handsome, and have equally accomplished manners, I hear. They will make a most welcome acquisition to the limited society of this poor little village," remarked Claudia Thorne, with great animation, that was suddenly augmented by the appearance of an elegant equipage that she had just seen coming down the pleasant, shadowy street. "There they are now, Aggie dear," she continued excitedly, "and is not that carriage altogether too stylish for this dreadful unfashionable and jersey place? and that prancing, spackled, reddish horse must be a priceless flyer. I think, she commented somewhat doubtfully, for she was conscious of her utter deficiency in equine lore.

Meanwhile the spirited, dapple-gray animal neither extraordinary fine nor fast was trotting past the garden gate, the sensuous blossoms of the lofty locust trees falling in white showers over gilded harness and glittering wheels.

The gentleman—the one with the Saxon and distinguished look and the tawny curling hair and beard—he who is driving, must be the millionaire who, I am informed, is the son of a nobleman, but is too Americanized or republicanized to assume his illustrious title. The other, with dark hair and sleuthish figure, must be the private secretary or traveling companion. One can always discern the difference between the patrician and plebeian, can one not?"

"Certainly, I have no such subtle gift of discrimination in the sense you infer. One whose soul is ignoble must be plebeian, I think, however aristocratic the birth or *tout ensemble* of that one may be," answered Agnes Bothsay, quietly.

She and Claudia Thorne were cousins and ostensible friends and were living together a life of genteel economy, having jointly inherited a small legacy devised by an eccentric relative recently deceased whom neither had ever seen.

In the picturesque and tiny hamlet of Rosehithe—a heaven of roses—they had made their summer home.

Agnes had been pleased and contented with the small tranquil place, with its wide, grassy, umbrageous streets, and sparse clusters of quaint houses builded about the obtuse, wooded angle of cargs that jutted into the tumbling waters, just where a wild, narrow stream frothed into the surf of the sea.

But Claudia had thought it all—the serene seclusion, the isolate but imposing scenery, simple habitants with their homely way—uninteresting and insufferably dull.

They were very unlike—these two young ladies, who had yet all the bloom and brightness of fresh, sweet womanhood.

Miss Bothsay was a tall and notably graceful blonde, with that rarely and peculiarly fair complexion that no care can wrinkle and no time can yellow. Her fine features were much too mobile for the artistic Grecian type, and her large eyes—splendid and indescribable—were to passionful and tender to be gray, and too discerning and imperious to be the ideal and poetic blue. Her magnificent masses of hair had the subtle and beautiful shades of amber and ruddy auburn; and her attitudes, her actions, her manner of speaking, were distinguished by a majesty, a dignity and a gentle graciousness that were as natural as irresistable. Among inferiors she would have been misunderstood and possibly even hated, feared and traduced. But among her peers she was loved and revered.

Claudia Thorne belonged to quite a dissimilar sphere of mind, feeling and volition. She had more cunning than intellect; she was more emotional than sympathetic; she liked only the excitement that could be made egotistically sensational, and she was inordinately ambitious for a very eminent social distinction. She hated the deceased legator who had bequeathed her a humble competence instead of an exhaustless income. It would seem that she was pitifully unappreciative of small favors—that she sadly lacked the sense of gratitude. Nevertheless she was a witching little lady-kin, with her restless fairy feet and singularly pretty, elfish hands. She was dark and petite; her hair was jet black, and her black eyes were brilliant with mesmeric haze; she had red, laughing lips, and a dainty sunrise color always wavering over her babyishly rounded cheeks. She affected the *naïve* with the most flattering success.

And she seemed very childishly ingenuous, at least, when she first smiled beguilingly into the admiring eyes of him who she supposed to be wealthy and titled.

Apparently the first meeting was entirely accidental.

The gentleman had been precariously housed in a delicious nook on the banks among the willows, whose foliage of topaz and emerald left flickering shadows along the margin of a still pool where a strata of wild rock had dammed the stream, and where a myriad of silvery fins glanced through the clear, brown water. He had heard a lazy and irregular sound of oars and had glanced with small interest across the high green reeds and the low flower deluce, to see a gaudily gilded and very small skiff rocking dangerously among the tall water lilies just before him.

The single occupant of the boat was a brunette fay, wearing a fancy costume of some dark, ruddy bronzed stuff with golden hearted lily buds in her corsage and an aigrette tipped with white and gold in her small jauntly velvet cap.

As the young gentleman regarded her with a half enchanted gaze, she extended her dusky, jewelled hand toward a showy blossom dropping her oars with a pretty careless gesture. The next moment the oars were drifting slowly away on the sluggish current. But in that instant there was a splash and a human agony for help.

The craft was capsized and Claudia Thorne was struggling and grasping at the lilies.

How the spectacle of the catastrophe rescued her he could never quite clearly remember. However he might never forget the wonderful pleasurable triumph he felt as she lay at last helplessly in his arms, a vessel thankful enough to be clutched and seemingly frightened that she must be less gallant and susceptible than he must, perforce, have said to her something very flattering and appreciative.

That episode was the beginning of a charming little romance.

If my readers do know, I shall only be ridiculed—declared pretty Claudia's diplomatic action was one that her purely caused the accident. I have always been awkward with boats, says. There is a startling prediction I believe that I shall drown upon some time. I must invent some death for the hero and for these evil chances and this boat spoiled hat.

She was turning slowly away—not her manner would seem to express that her gratitude was too great to be offered in the ordinary phraseology considered conventional on such an occasion.

The gentleman imagined that he understood that simulation of graceful timidity. He thought her handsomest, the most ingenuous and the most charming young lady whom he had ever met.

"Shall I never see you again?" he questioned, almost tenderly.

"Perhaps you may," she returned, with a coquettish and bewildering smile. "I row or ride or walk every morning at this delightful place. I am decidedly fond of the bridal path along the river bank, and of the cool pleasant ride under the willows."

"And so am I," he answered quickly and respectfully. "I shall see you often, but perhaps you will not think proper to recognize me if we should meet in the supplemental unready."

With seeming bashfulness she averted her bright face and blushed upon—but as she vanished among the golden green willow shadows she murmured "An excuse in encouraging accents."

Claudia went slowly homeward. Her mood was thoughtful and speculative.

"He is certainly interested, and perhaps infatuated," she mused, with great satisfaction. "I shall meet him often, and long before we shall be formally introduced I shall be the betrothed wife of my titled millionaire, whom, most fortunately for poor ambitious, deceitful me, I already adore."

With all her unwomanly faults, Claudia keenly comprehended that a marriage without reciprocal love is only an unholy sham.

The flirtation under the willows progress as she predicted, and as favorably as she could desire.

"I shall allow you to tell me nothing about yourself at all. Practical details would spoil all the romance of our pleasant summer dreams," asseverated Claudia one morning. She spoke with a semblance of that blind and absolute faith that, she well knew, pleases and flatters and deceives even the shrewdest of lovers. And moreover, she presumed herself to be about to become a modern Lady Burleigh, although one might doubt if she would ever be very conscientiously perplexed.

"Was the garden of an honest
Cake which she was not born."

"But our romance is no summer dream, darling," protested Hubert Saunders, earnestly. "You are to be my wife, you know, and before we are married, I should like you to thoroughly understand my social and financial rank."

"I will listen to no prosy explanations," she persisted, pressing her pretty hands over her ears. "I love you and will be a dutiful wife trying always to make you happy and our home pleasant. Is that not sufficient?"

Claudia spoke with sincerity, for love was producing one of those beautiful and mysterious psychological phenomena that occasionally redeem the most flinty souls.

"Is that not sufficient, Hubert?" she iterated with a smile that the man who loved her thought was superlatively artless.

"Certainly it ought to be so," he allowed, half doubtfully and unpleasantly conscious of an indescribable sense of dissatisfaction. "But still I think it best and wisest for any lady to know thoroughly the prosy and practical part of life of the man to whose keeping she consigns her freedom and happiness."

But the wilful girl would not listen. In her vain egotism she imagined that she already knew as much, or more, than he could possibly tell her.

That night they met at a garden party—rather a *recherché* affair, with an afternoon of croquet and tennis and an evening of dancing and banqueting under a round, opaline moon, among magnificent old trees of oak and elm.

In the midst of the festivity, while Claudia was for a moment alone in a cool, arbutus-rose nook fantastically illuminated by the pale red light of a gorgeous paper lantern swinging from an arch of thick ivy, she saw Agnes Bothsay approaching.

Miss Bothsay wore a simple and exquisite costume of darkest, richest, velvet silk, with sprays of snowy, odorous eglantine in her hair and corsage. She looked very pretty and happy as she stopped beside her cousin.

"Claudia, dear, will you congratulate me?" she whispered bashfully. "I am betrothed—really affianced to the baronet. One day while you were rowing for illness, the pastor's wife brought my Jack for a formal call. He was foolish enough to honor me with his admiration, and he sent all those lovely flowers you wondered about so much. But I was never quite sure he loved me until today. But only a little while ago he met me down there among the willows and wild roses and told me how very, very dear I had become to him, and he kissed me. Claudia, and he kissed this ring before he put it on my finger." She flung aside a fall of delicate lace drapery and glittered a magnificent ring of diamonds and gold. "I am very happy, cousin dear, for I know my Jack is one of the noblest of all men. I should revere him just the same if he were a bricklayer instead of being a baronet."

"Your Jack—the baronet! What do you mean, Agnes?" gasped Claudia.

Miss Bothsay for a moment regarded her cousin with much perplexity. But just then two gentlemen advanced through the vista of green branches hung with grotesque illuminations of gaudy irridescence.

"Hush, dear, Mr. Esmond is searching for me, I think. He is coming this way and Hubert considers his private secretary 'as with him.'"

Claudia Thorne stood motionless and voiceless. She could not utter one word, and even when Agnes and the baronet had gone, leaving her alone with the lover who regarded her with a troubled, loving gaze.

Possibly he comprehended all, but if he did his affection was too loyal to be weakened by the fault of the handsome girl who he knew loved him.

"Why are you so white and mute, my darling," he inquired tenderly. "Would you be more fond of me, dear, do you think, if I happened to have wealth and a title?"

All that was womanly and redeeming in her ambitious and subtle nature conquered the sharp pangs of her disappointment.

She was only conscious that he was dearer to her than rank and riches, and unspeakably grateful that he so generously forgave a folly that she was aware he more than suspected.

"No wealth and no title could ever make my respect and affection for you greater," she assured him with simple earnestness.

He was pleased and satisfied with the frank answer.

"My pretty Claudia," he said, "I shall make wife-hood so happy that you will never regret marrying only a private secretary."

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 12, 1881.

It is pretty certain that the next few days will bring a settlement of some things about which there has been a good deal of speculation. One "near friend" of the President has been reported as saying that there would be no Cabinet changes until December, and the next day another near friend, or one supposed to have some means of knowing whereof he asserted, has declared that a new Cabinet would be announced during the extra session of the Senate. For some days past the impression has prevailed, upon apparently authorative foundation, that President Arthur has decided to avail himself of the services of the present Cabinet in preparing the annual reports on which his message to Congress must be to some extent founded. But to day it is reported, upon good authority also, that some if not all the new Cabinet appointments will be sent in during the week. Mr. McVeagh is understood to be already making preparations to move back to Philadelphia, and to express himself as quite satisfied with his experience as a Cabinet minister. The President, it does not seem to be doubted, would prefer that both Mr. James and Mr. McVeagh should remain until the star route prosecutions are concluded, as they are certainly entitled to any glory which may come out of that matter. But neither Mr. James or Mr. McVeagh are at all confident that convictions will follow the indictment of the star route people, and if the whole business falls after the great hurrah which has been made over it, they prefer that the failure should be attributed to some one else.

At any rate it is certain that the present Cabinet could not under any circumstances hold together for a very long time. It may not be generally known outside of certain circles, but it is nevertheless a fact that this was not an entirely harmonious Cabinet from the beginning. There is not much doubt that but for the shooting of Gen. Garfield a partial re-organization would have been effected before this. That work would have been one of the first things claiming his attention had he recovered. President Arthur is too good a politician not to know that his Administration can only hope to be a successful and brilliant one with all the members in perfect harmony. For some unknown reason efforts are being made to prove the present Cabinet void of all discord, but I do not see the necessity for attempting to conceal facts well known here. It is said here among friends of Mr. Blaine that the publication of his letter of December last to Gen. Garfield was without his knowledge or consent; that the motive was to annoy and injure him, and that another member of the Cabinet with whom he is on notoriously unfriendly terms is really responsible for the publication of the letter. Certainly Mr. Blaine can take no pleasure in seeing such a document in print with his name attached to it. Some of Mr. Blaine's particular friends here are so much irritated by the publication that at first they were inclined to doubt its genuineness.

With reference to the duration of the extra session of the Senate, the generally-expressed opinion among Senators is that it will not last over two weeks. This opinion is nearly always qualified with the remark that it is not expected that the President intends to send to the Senate nominations for offices except such as are required to fill vacancies, and some Senators express the belief that the President will not feel called upon even to fill the vacancies in the high grade of offices, such as the Justice of the Supreme Court and the Ministers to Russia, Austria, and Germany, but will let these go over until the December session of Congress. This idea includes the belief that the Cabinet is to remain unchanged until that period. Besides nominations for office the President will have several treaties to transmit to the Senate—one with China, made by Secretary Blaine in June last, and two with South American nations.

The White House just now exemplifies a line of the old school song: "Great big house and nobody livin' in it." The place looks gloomy and deserted enough, especially at night when the heavy mourning drapery covering the walls is just discernible by the dim flickering light of one old lamp post at the left of the north portico. On the inside workmen are employed overhauling the old rookery and endeavoring to make it inhabitable. The hardest job is to get rid of the myriads of roaches and other vermin. The repairs will occupy a considerable time and it is not likely that President Arthur will take up his residence there until next winter. He is still with Senator Jones in the Ben. Butler mansion near the Capitol, and after the extra session will reside for a time at the Soldiers' Home. The Cabinet meeting of Tuesday is the first since his accession to the Presidency.

WOLFE'S MISREPRESENTATION.

HE MUST PROVE HIS STATEMENTS, OR STAND CONVICTED OF FALSEHOOD.

In his speech at Titusville, Mr. Wolfe, candidate for State Treasurer "on his own responsibility," charged that during the term State Treasurer Noyes, Democrat, Gov. Hoyt, Secretary Quay, and others speculated with State funds and depleted the Treasury. The following from Gov. Hoyt is an emphatic denial.

HARRISBURG, October 11.

In reference to the charges made by C. S. Wolfe against Governor Hoyt, at Titusville, the Governor, in a telegram to-day to Allen H. Dickinson, of Wilkesbarre, says: In my own behalf, and in their relation to myself, I desire to say that they are substantially and circumstantially false. I have never been concerned alone or in connection with others in any scheme of speculation as he charges. I have never owned or controlled alone, or with others, a barrel of crude petroleum, or certificates representing such. I have never had an occasion to declare myself for or against a tax either on derricks or crude oil. I have never had a transaction in stock or any manner of business with Col. M. S. Quay, either in partnership or in any other form or relation. I have never had a financial or other business transaction with Hon. J. D. Cameron or Henry W. Oliver, Jr., nor has either ever advanced one dollar to me on my account or in my behalf. I never had the use, or control, or possession of one dollar belonging to the State Treasury, nor has there ever been a deficit of any kind in the State Treasury growing out of any transaction in which I have been concerned. The Hon. Samuel Butler, State Treasurer and friends and legal representatives of Col. A. C. Noyes, late Treasurer can make clear their administration of the Treasury Department.

HENRY M. HOYT.

In a letter to the Harrisburg *Patriot* the Governor says: "Until some records or accounts or living witnesses are provided to establish the truth of those charges. I am mistaken in the sense of "fair play" in the minds of the people of Pennsylvania if they consent that the memory of the dead shall be outraged for any personal or political results.

A Signal Victory.

The value of electricity as a remedial agent has gained a signal victory over prejudice. "Thomas' Eclectric Oil," stands foremost in this class of compounds. Testimonials from all parts tell of the wonderful cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, hurts and sores, etc., etc., effected by its agency. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

Thanks.

Thos. Howard, Bradford, Pa., writes "I exclaim money for 'Spring Blossom' as I said I would if it cured me; my dyspepsia has vanished with all its symptoms. Many thanks; I shall never be without it in the house. Price 50 cents, trial bottles 10 cents. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

Wm. McCartney, 36 Lloyd street, Buffalo, N. Y., fell and sprained his ankle. His employer, H. Anderson, 34 Main street, procured some "Thomas' Eclectric Oil," and he says that a few applications assisted him to go to work as usual. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

"Don't Know Half Their Value."

"They cured me of Ague, Biliousness and Kidney Complaint, as recommended. I had a half dozen left which I used for my two little girls, who the doctor and neighbors said could not be cured. I would have lost both of them one night if I had not given them both Hop Bitters. They did them so much good I continued their use until they were cured. That is why I say you do not know half the value of Hop Bitters, and do not recommend them high enough."—R., Rochester, N. Y. See other column.

MISCELLANEOUS.

F. C. PIERCE,

Surgeon Dentist,

SMETHPORT, PA.

OFFICE—Over H. W. Babbit's Store, Main Street.

Preservation of natural teeth a specialty. 1881.

MASONIC HALL

FURNITURE STORE!

Specht & Sasse

We are now settled in our new store and are prepared to furnish the people of vicinity all the country with.

FURNITURE

of all kinds and of

PRICE AND QUALITY

to suit the purchaser.

Undertaking in all its branches.

Full and Complete Line of

WALL PAPER!

Constantly on Hand.

Friends and patrons are invited to

CALL AND SEE US

in our location, and

Look at our Stock

SPECHT & SASSE,

Main St., Smethport, Pa.

Land Office of the Bingham Estate.

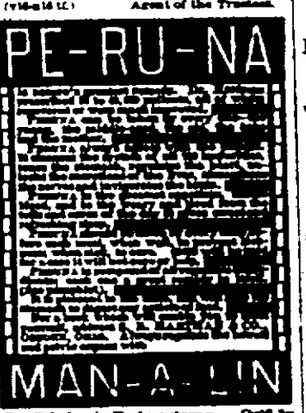
WELLSBOROUGH, PENN'A, Feb'y 28, 1879.

All persons are hereby cautioned against going upon the unsold lands of this estate without proper authority thereafter. An unauthorized entry upon the lands of the estate, by any person, for any purpose, will make such person or persons liable to prosecution for trespass.

Persons who have bought or leased lands of this estate have deeds, contracts, or leases. The deeds give exact description of the lands to which they refer, and the contracts and leases between them describe which shore their location. All claims to rights or, privileges on lands of this estate, unless compelled by such evidence, are without foundation, and will not be recognized.

(v16-n16 tf.) ROBT. C. SIMPSON, Agent of the Trustees.

PE-RU-NA



MAN-A-LIN

For Sale by A. B. Armstrong. Cont'd-ly

HOP BITTERS.

(A Medicine, not a Drink.)

CONTAINS

HOPS, BUCHU, MANDRAKE, DANDELION,

And the Purest and Best Medical Qualities of all other Remedies.

THEY CURE

All Diseases of the Stomach, Bowels, Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Urinary Organs, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Complaints.

$1000 IN GOLD,

will be paid for a case they will not cure or help, or for anything impure or injurious found in them.

Ask your druggist for Hop Bitters and try them before you sleep. Make no mistake.

H. B. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for Drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco or narcotics.

Sold by all Druggists. Send for circular.

HOP BITTERS MANUFACTURING CO., Rochester, N. Y. Toronto, Ont.

Business Cards.

Hotels.

BENNETT HOUSE.

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE, SMETHPORT, PA.

This Hotel is the most centrally located one in the borough, being directly opposite the Court House, and in the center of business. It has been recently enlarged, remodeled and refurnished, and is by far the best arranged and best furnished Hotel in Northern Pennsylvania.

☞ Guests are guaranteed satisfaction.

WRIGHT HOUSE.

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

B. F. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

First Class in every Respect.

This Hotel is recently built, and is furnished with all the conveniences of a modern house. A good stabling and yard have been connected with the house. Rates reasonable.

Exchange Hotel,

NEAR BUFFALO DEPOT, SMETHPORT, PA.

J. H. BOWERS, Proprietor.

This Hotel is newly made and furnished in all respects for the comfort and convenience of the traveling public.

BENTON HOUSE.

Larrabees, Pa.

C. H. MOORE - - - Prop'r.

Located directly opposite the McK. & B. and B. N. Y. & P. R.R. depots. The house has been recently rebuilt and newly furnished throughout, and is now a first class house.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, - PROPRIETOR

The above House has been recently Rebuilt Refurnished and Refitted in the Latest style for the convenience of Guests.

BRADFORD HOUSE,

240 Exchange, Cor. Louisiana St.,

Opposite the B. N. Y. & P. R. R. Depot,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

ED. SEIL, - - - Proprietor.

Fillmore House,

Cor. Michigan and Carroll Streets,

Buffalo, N. Y

Rates reduced to $1.00 per day; single meal, 25 cents.

This house has been recently refurnished in the most modern style. It is centrally located within one block of the Erie, N. Y. C., and Lake Shore depots. Street cars pass it, bound from all parts of the city continually.

R. SULLY - - Prop'r.

AKIN HOUSE,

COLEVILLE, PA.,

MARION AKIN, Proprietor.

A rural home for the People. Rates reasonable. Our efforts are to please. Everything neat and comfortable. Tables supplied from the best the country affords. Meals at all hours. Good stabling and livery.

Pierce House,

(Near B. R. & P. R. R. Depot.)

Water St., - - - - Smethport, Pa.

A. H. PIERCE, Proprietor.

Broezel's Hotel,

cor. Seneca and Wells Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

First Class in every respect.

John Broezel - Prop'r.

SCOTT HOUSE

E. L. SCOTT, Proprietor,

Port Allegany, Pa.

NORWICH HOUSE.

W. I. OVAITT, Proprietor.

Norwich, Pa.

Physicians.

S. D. FREEMAN,

Surgeon, Obstetrician and Consulting Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours from 10 to 12 a. m. and 1 to 3 p. m.

Smethport, Pa.

H. L. McCOY,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Office at residence, cor. Main and Byron streets

Smethport, Pa.

E. G. BROWN

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office and rooms over the Post Office.

Smethport Pa

THOS. H. CARROLL,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office in Wright House, SMETHPORT, PA.

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER.

J. L. CHICHESTER,

108 & 110 Washington Street, Buffalo, N. Y

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., October 20, 1881.

E. H. BARD, Editor and Proprietor.

Republican Nominations.

State Ticket.

FOR STATE TREASURER,

MILAS M. BAILY, of Fayette.

A man who from his youth up, has fought the battles of Republicanism in a region where no hope of success could add vigor and zeal to the contest, and with no reward save the consciousness of having served the cause he loved.

A man who has absented his love of liberty and law, by service on the field of glory and of blood, who won his promotion in the glorious Pennsylvania Reserves, from Captain to Brigadier, by meritorious services on the field.

A man who stood in the rank-ball of battle at Drainsville, on the Peninsula, at Gaines' Mill, South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, and the Wilderness, and who bore witness with his blood, that he loved his country well.

He leaves upon his person the rough scars left by the cruel cannon ball, and will carry to his grave the evidence of his patriotism and courage.

He is able, and worthy to lead Republicans to Victory as he led his regiment to war. *Speech of Attorney-General Palmer, in Republican State Convention.*

Judiciary.

FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE,

HENRY W. WILLIAMS, of Tioga.

FOR ASSOCIATE JUDGES,

HENRY HAMLIN, of Smethport.
P. M. FULLER, of Bradford.

County Ticket.

FOR SHERIFF,
A. I. WILCOX, of Kendall.

FOR PROTHONOTARY, &C.,
THOS. A. MORRISON, of Smethport.

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
E. R. MAYO, of Eldred.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
F. S. JOHNSON, of Bradford.
A. T. PALMER, of Foster.

FOR AUDITORS,
A. P. BREWER, of Norwich.
W. H. WIGGINS, of Lafayette.

"Why don't you arrest him," shouts the Petroleum *World*, speaking of Wolfe and his slanders. Oh, no, that would suit him too well. Nothing pleases a demagogue so much as to be able to assume the *role* of a martyr.

By an unanimous vote the Senate passed a very nice resolution thanking Mr. Bayard for his brilliant but brief administration of the duties of President *pro tem*. He will have it framed and preserve it among the archives and heirlooms of his aristocratic line.

The Delaware statesman, Tom Bayard, was for two days nearer the White House than he will ever be again. He marched up to a position to which he had no legal or moral title and after a few days of proud complacency was taken by the ear and marched back again.

The unnecessary expense and turmoil of a convention might as well have been avoided by the New York democracy, and the ticket put forth from Tilden's back parlor. The Tilden machine was well oiled and worked admirably. John Kelley and his 50,000 short-haired followers have been ordered to the rear and harmony prevails. But it is the harmony of the graveyard.

A few weeks ago the *Reporter* insinuated that another party (and by the way, a gentleman who was less likely to than any one who could be mentioned) would profit by the election of Col. Wilcox. We made mention of our neighbor's insinuation and suggested the greater probability that other parties whom the people were not desirous of honoring or enriching would profit in case of Sartwell's election. The *Reporter* now calls this "unfair." It seems to be a case wherein it makes a great deal of difference whose ox is gored.

In another column we publish a complete statement given by State Treasurer Butler in an interview with a reporter of the Philadelphia *Press*, fully and emphatically denying any and every allegation and insinuation made by that irresponsible and unscrupulous demagogue, Charles S. Wolfe. This statement and denial is so plain and emphatic that it should settle the question, at least until Wolfe can bring forward some facts to support his wild and vindictive statements. The people of this Commonwealth are too intelligent to credit the statement that the trusted officers of the State are common thieves upon no other evidence than the bare word of a disgruntled and sour politician and "death-rattle" Insurance director. The word of hosts of men like Governor Hoyt and State Treasurer Butler is surely more reliable than that of such a creature, and any doubter can verify it by an inspection of the books of the Treasury and Auditor General's Departments.

Mr. Wolfe, the self nominated candidate for State Treasurer, is roaming up and down the State reviling and slandering the State officials wherever he can get an audience to listen to him. He commenced his pilgrimage of personal hate at Philadelphia, about two weeks ago, when he charged Guv. Hoyt with using the funds of the State Treasury for speculative purposes. The Governor met the charge with a prompt denial, as emphatic and comprehensive as words could make it. Yet this public slanderer and lunatical liar continues to repeat his false charge on every occasion. He has not a particle of evidence to prove his assertion and does not pretend to have. His vile charges have been fully refuted, and until he can support them by other evidence than his own slanderous tongue, he deserves to be hissed and hooted off from every respectable platform in the Commonwealth as an assassin of private character and a robber of the reputation and honor of the living and the dead.

The crushing defeat of Bookwalter, facetiously called Pocketbookwalter, the Democratic candidate for Governor of Ohio, is another lesson to that party teaching that money alone will not win in a political campaign. They will hardly profit by it, however, for to the average Democratic mind the idea is ineradicable that the possession of a "barrel" is an indispensable qualification for a candidate. Brains and fitness are merely secondary. The unparalleled ascendancy of the control of Sam J. Tilden over his party is not due to the respect for his brains so much as for his "barrels." The Democratic candidate for Vice President at the last Presidential election owed his nomination to the possession of several "barrels." Mr. Noble, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, was nominated for the same reason. He is doomed to join English and Bookwalter, and if he is wise will profit by the recent fate of the latter and immediately head up his barrel again and sit on it during the balance of the campaign.

We have long ago ceased trying to please the editor of the Port Allegany *Reporter*, and are not therefore surprised that our position and remarks on the Sheriffalty contest is offensive to him. He does not like our recent statement that the people were going to elect Col. Wilcox because they "wanted a change in the Sheriff's office, according to the Constitution." If we had omitted the words "according to the Constitution" it is probable there would have been no fault found with the statement, for it will hardly be denied that the desire for a change in the office is very manifest or that there will be no perceptible change in the personnel or administration of the office in case of Sartwell's election. The *letter* of the Constitution will no doubt be complied with by the substitution of the name of the son for the father, the present Sheriff, and we do not question the constitutionality of the succession from father to son even unto the third and fourth generation, by a liberal rendering of that instrument. But when it is read, as it should be, with regard to its true spirit and meaning, and the intent of its framers, a grave doubt is thrown upon the moral validity at least of such hereditary succession. Why was the provision made that a Sheriff alone should not be eligible as a candidate for re-election as his own successor? The reason is evident and plain to all. The Sheriff in the nature of his office has in his hands large powers that can be used for the oppression of enemies and the favoring of friends. Were he allowed to be a candidate for re-election as his own successor it was feared and seen that he would be able to use the power and influence of his office for the purpose of securing his nomination and election, and could often by that means defeat the public will. Therefore, it was deemed wise to remove as far as possible all temptation or occasion for subordinating the powers of the office to personal ends by making the present incumbent ineligible for re-election. The provision was well meant, but its true intent and purpose is more often honored in the breach than in the observance, and we need not go out of our own county or far back in its history for instances. It is a well known fact that Sheriff Roswell Sartwell owes his election in a great measure to the assistance of his predecessor, (a Republican but a relative), who used unsparingly every influence of his position to elect the man *he* had selected for his successor. True, Sheriff Roswell Sartwell is not a candidate for re-election. But "my son Llewell" is a candidate, and it accords perfectly with family plans and thrifty calculations that the young man should take his turn, and any one who knows anything knows that the powers, privileges, patronage and pains of the High Sheriffalty of McKean county will be used as unscrupulously and the result watched as anxiously for the son as if the father were himself the candidate. Indeed, the Democratic candidate is the acting Sheriff and has all the machinery and reins of office in his hands to use for the securing of his election as freely as if he were the Sheriff in fact. Could T. L. Sartwell have secured the Democratic nomination as a private citizen depending upon his own merits and personal strength and claims on his party, without the advantitious strength of his position in the Sheriff's office? Or could he have the slightest hope of election without such aid and influence? Most assuredly not. There will be no actual change in the direction of the office in case of T. L. Sartwell's election to succeed his father. There will be the same hand at the helm, the same deputies and the same bondsmen, and the pecuniary parental and family interests of the present Sheriff could not be better served were he indeed his own successor in office. These are the simple facts in the case, which are well known and cannot be denied, and on these grounds we advocate the election of Col. A. I. Wilcox for Sheriff that the *spirit* as well as the *letter* of the Constitution may be complied with.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 19, 1881.

Mr. Bayard as President of the Senate may be said to have run a short but brilliant career. Those hard-headed Democrats who thought they saw the Presidential accession ahead, and insisted upon electing one of their ilk to fill the gap, are supremely disgusted at the turn things have taken. Some of the shrewdest and less partisan among them favored making Senator Davis their candidate in the beginning. They foresaw the difficulties and uncertainties surrounding their position and believed that their only chance of securing a permanent organization was through anchoring the Independent party on that side. Mr. Davis is ambitious and has had the Presidential fever for years. This position with the possibility before him was a great prize—probably the nearest he will ever come to the realization of his hopes. But a few old hard-shells among the Democratic Senators would not listen to the Davis scheme, and, as usual, they got left. They wanted a real old-fashioned pure Democratic President if Mr. Arthur should peg out, and they thought if they elected Bayard, Senator Davis would not join in any programme to oust him. They are pretty slow politicians, these old moss-backs.

The feeling among Republicans is that while Mr. Davis is not entirely satisfactory to them he is better from their standpoint than Bayard. And in the matter of the rest of the organization as well as upon other questions, it gives them an advantage. Having now determined upon which side the real majority is, and having settled in their own favor the arrangement of the committees, there is no further obstacle to prompt and satisfactory action upon measures coming before the Senate. When the House shall also effect a Republican organization, all branches of the Government will once more be under the control of one party - the party responsible to the country. It is not unlikely that at the regular session of Congress in December a straight Republican will be elected to succeed Mr. Davis. If such a proposition is brought forward Judge Davis could not with propriety vote upon it, and that would give one Republican majority. The only way the resolution could be defeated would be by Mr. Davis casting his vote for the Democratic candidate, if there should be one, thereby causing a tie. But that would be equivalent to voting for himself, which he would hardly do.

Washington gave our French and German visitors, who had come over to see us celebrate the victory which their ancestors helped us to win, a brilliant reception. They were escorted to the Capitol by a military and civic procession and in the rotunda given a formal welcome, after which General Sherman and the members of his staff and a number of army and navy officers, including the Admiral, were introduced. The scene in the rotunda was a gay one, the glittering, brilliant uniforms of the various officers enriching its splendor, and far different from the one which transpired there but a few weeks ago, when the funeral services over the body of the late President took place. The President and members of the Cabinet wore black gloves. It was noticed that President Arthur was larger than any of the visitors; indeed he was probably taller than any man in the rotunda. The same persons who noticed this also noticed when the visitors were in the Senate chamber that the President of the Senate, Mr. Davis, weighed more, apparently, than any two of the largest of the visitors, and that our army and navy officers are as a rule, much larger men than the visiting officers. The extensive and brilliant display of fireworks in the evening attracted an immense crowd to the vicinity of the Washington Monument, where it was given. As our foreign visitors looked out from the new State Department building upon that unfinished shaft, which the illumination caused to stand out so prominently, they must have noticed that it presented a ruinous reflection upon our boasted enterprise. But there is a prospect at last that it will be completed some time. It has grown fifty feet, or thereabouts, in the last year. To-day the cry is on to York town, where accommodations are already at a premium—ten dollars a day, or something like that.

WOLFE BLISTERED

THE TRAVELLING SLANDERER BROUGHT TO BOOK BY AN INDEPENDENT REPUBLICAN.

The following letter written to the Philadelphia *Times* is worth reprinting and well worthy of perusal.

To the Editor of the Times

I am an independent Republican. I was a member of the convention which nominated Baily, and although unstructed, I voted for Davies. When Wolfe first announced his candidacy while fully conscious that his convention was as completely set up as Quay's convention could possibly have been, I was still in that humor that like the man who witnessed the fight between his termagant wife and the bear I didn't care who licked.

Since Mr. Wolfe has explained his position in his speeches, I believe that the matter has assumed a new aspect. His fight is clearly personal. He calls Governor Hoyt and all the other leaders indiscriminately "brigands and thieves." In proof of this and it is the only proof he presents—he says that there was a "current rumor" about Harrisburg that Governor Hoyt, with others, used the State money to speculate in petroleum certificates, and for other speculations.

In all his charges he says "I am informed," "I am credibly informed," "I have heard," "I learn from evidence which is satisfactory to me." &c., &c. No evidence is given. No offer of proof is made that would be received even by a drum head court-martial. The name of his informant is concealed, and then he closes these statements with the astounding declaration "these are facts." Can this man, intrenched in hearsay and hiding behind Mrs. Harris' informants spit out his venom, and with honorable men, who profess to be gentlemen, sustain him? Shall he who "taketh up a reproach against his neighbor" be trusted in preference to him who "maketh not with his tongue?" Could any village gossip, whose nature, originally bad, had been soured by the ill will and disappointments of a lifetime, exceed in calumny these laboriously accumulated hearsay accusations? A man especially a reformer should be fair, even to his enemies. If he says a man uses public money for private purposes, or is accessory thereto, he should prove it. The courts are as free to him as is the stump. As a member of the Legislature, Wolfe had not only the right but the duty to prefer charges definite and specific against the Governor, if there existed, to his knowledge, one scintilla of reliable evidence to sustain such charges. A man has no more right to make political capital for himself out of such charges than he has to get money or other valuable thing by any other form of blackmail. We want the proofs, not "suspicions light as air." We want to see the man who *knows* something, and if he is not produced, we will say, with Betsey Prig, "I don't believe there's no sich a person."

What is the inevitable conclusion from Wolfe's failure to prove anything? That he has no proof. That his pretended statements of fact, like his ascriptions of corrupt motive, are calumny.

"No, the slander
Whose edge is sharper than the sword, whose
Tongue outvenoms all the worms of Nile."

The conduct of such an one is not one degree less worthy of contempt than that of the assassin of a President. A heart fatally bent on mischief and the lust for notoriety inspire both. With them a noble life and a spotless reputation, when "laid in the balance, they are altogether lighter than vanity." Let fair men remember that during the whole life of Governor Hoyt he has lived in Luzerne county, and there his reputation for integrity and honesty was second to none. No man was ever associated with him in a business transaction and knew him to do a dishonest or a mean thing. He *was* and is trusted by all. Will *gentlemen* then abet the attempt to fritter away such a reputation by the slander of one who styles himself a reformer?

"The purest treasure mortal times afford
Is—spotless reputation; that away
Men are but gilded loam or painted clay.
A jewel in a ten-times-barred-up chest
Is—a bold spirit in a loyal breast.
Mine honor is my life; both grow in one;
Take honor from me and my life is done."

I believe that the average American, like the average Englishman, loves fair play, and that assassination and slander will not continue to be permanent and recognized political forces.

ALLAN H. DICKSON.

WILLIAMS BARRE, October 14, 1881.

LEGAL.

General Election Proclamation.

WHEREAS, by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania entitled "An act relating to the Elections of this Commonwealth," passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is made the duty of the Sheriff of every county to give notice of such election and to make known in such notice what officers are to be elected, and to designate the place at which the electors is to be held:

Therefore, I, Roswell Sartwell, High Sheriff of McKean county, do hereby make known and proclaim to the qualified electors of McKean county that a general election will be held on TUESDAY, THE EIGHTEENTH DAY OF NOVEMBER A. D. 1881 (being the Tuesday next following the first Monday of said month), in the several districts in said county, as follows, viz:

The township of Annin at the Exercise House.

The borough of Smethport at the Court House.

First Ward, First district—Council Chamber, on Pine street.

First Ward, Second district—Office of C. J. Lane, southeast corner of Pine and Davidson streets.

Second Ward, Bradford Oil Company's office, Main street.

Third Ward, office of Erwin and Norton on west side of Mechanic street.

Fourth Ward, Williams & Kennedy's office on west side of Mechanic street.

Keating and Robertson's bank shop, Main street, west bridge.

BRADFORD TOWNSHIP.

District No. 1—At the Detweiler's School House.
District No. 2—At the Clark School House.

KENDALL TOWNSHIP.

First District—At the Fuller House, corner of Main and Railroad streets.

Second District—At school house on Kendall street.

LEWIS RUN BOROUGH.

First District—At the Temperance school house.
Second District—At the Opera House.

The township of Corydon at the house of P. J. Barber.

The township of Eldred at the Court House.

The township of Eldred at Duke House.

The township of Eldred at Swan House.

FOSTER TOWNSHIP.

First District—At the building of Lansberry Brothers at Foster Brook Park.

Second District—At the corner store at Corydon Center.

The township of Hamlin at the school house near J. B. White's.

The township of Hamilton at the school house at Ludlow.

KEATING TOWNSHIP.

First District—At the school house north of Court House in Smethport.

Second District—In the building known as the Town Hall in Card hill.

The township of Liberty at the house of Mr. Sutton, Liberty.

The township of Lafayette at the school house at Lafayette Corners.

The township of Norwich at the house of A. K. Burdick.

SWEDEN TOWNSHIP.

First District—At the Temperance house in the village of Kane.

Second District—At the Exercise school house in Kane.

The township of Wetmore at the school house in the village of Kane.

And the inspectors and judges of the several districts are hereby required to meet at the place of holding the election in their respective districts on the day aforesaid, at seven o'clock in the morning, and shall continue open without intermission or adjournment until seven o'clock in the evening when the polls shall be closed.

Special attention is hereby called to Article VIII of the constitution of this commonwealth, which reads as follows, viz:

SECTION 1. Every male citizen 21 years of age possessing the following qualifications shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First. He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second. He shall have resided in the State one year (or if having previously been a citizen thereof, and having removed therefrom, shall have resided in the State six months immediately preceding the election) and in the district in which he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Third. He shall have resided in the county in which he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth. If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall within two years have paid a State or county tax which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SEC. 2. The general election for the citizens of the United States in this State, and for all officers elected by the citizens, shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the general election for township officers may be held on the day previous, or on the day fixed by law for the holding of the spring elections in the respective townships and boroughs.

SEC. 3. All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens, or the returns thereof, or declaring who shall be returned elected in case of contested elections, shall extend to all elections of officers, and to the places of voting for officers, authorized by this article, in so far as the same may be applicable thereto.

SEC. 4. Any person who shall give or promise or make any bribe, reward or consideration to influence any person to refrain from voting, or to induce him to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate, or who shall give or promise to give such reward or consideration to the inspectors or any of them, or to any officer of election or any other person or party for any purpose designed to affect the vote of any elector, and any elector who shall receive or agree to receive such reward or consideration for himself or any other person, shall thereby forfeit his vote and shall be disqualified from voting during the election.

SEC. 5. Any person who shall give or procure to be given his vote for the purpose of enabling any other person to vote illegally at any election, or who shall vote illegally at any election, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, and undergo imprisonment not exceeding one year.

SEC. 6. Any person who shall, directly or indirectly, receive, agree or contract for any money, gift, loan or other valuable consideration, office, place or employment for himself or any other person, or who shall give or promise to give such consideration to procure the return, or vote of any person at any election, or who shall make any such contract in consideration that any person shall withhold his vote or vote for or against any candidate, shall be guilty of bribery, and shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and undergo imprisonment not exceeding two years.

SEC. 7. That if any person shall receive, pay, offer to pay, or contribute, or promise to contribute any money or other valuable consideration to or for any person to the end or intent that such person or any other person may be elected or procured to be elected at any election hereafter mentioned, or for the purpose of procuring or promoting the election of any person thereat, or on account of any person having been elected at any election aforesaid, every person so offending, and every person knowingly aiding and assisting him therein, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, one moiety thereof to the use of the person who will sue for the same, and the other moiety to the use of the commonwealth, and moreover shall be disqualified for the space of ten years from holding any office of profit in this commonwealth.

SEC. 8. That if any person shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person in his behalf, give, pay, or agree to pay, or offer, lend or agree to lend, any money or valuable consideration to any voter, or to any person on account of such voter, or to enable any person to pay the same to any voter, or on account of any voter, to induce him to refrain from voting, or to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate for any office, or to vote or refrain from voting for or against any measure, matter or thing at any election, or if any person shall receive any money or valuable consideration on account of himself or any other person, to refrain from voting, or to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate for any office, or to vote or refrain from voting for or against any measure, matter or thing at any election, every person so offending, and every person knowingly aiding and assisting him therein, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, one moiety thereof to the use of the person who will sue for the same, and the other moiety to the use of the commonwealth, and moreover shall be disqualified for the space of ten years from holding any office of profit in this commonwealth.

SEC. 9. Any person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by any other person in his behalf, give, pay, or agree to pay, or offer, lend or agree to lend, any money or valuable consideration to any voter, or to any person on account of such voter, or to enable any person to pay the same to any voter, or on account of any voter, to induce him to refrain from voting, or to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate for any office, or to vote or refrain from voting for or against any measure, matter or thing at any election, or if any person shall receive any money or valuable consideration on account of himself or any other person, to refrain from voting, or to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate for any office, or to vote or refrain from voting for or against any measure, matter or thing at any election, every person so offending, and every person knowingly aiding and assisting him therein, shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, one moiety thereof to the use of the person who will sue for the same, and the other moiety to the use of the commonwealth, and moreover shall be disqualified for the space of ten years from holding any office of profit in this commonwealth.

SEC. 10. For the purpose of voting no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence, or lost it by reason of his absence while employed in the service of the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of this State, or of the United States, or on the high seas, nor while a student of any institution of learning, nor while kept in any poorhouse or other asylum at public expense, nor while confined in public prison.

SEC. 11. District elections hereafter shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each citizen shall have the right to vote for his judge and one inspector, and the person having the highest number of votes for each office shall be declared duly elected. The first election board for any new district hereafter erected shall be appointed by the judges of the court of common pleas of the county in which such district is located, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. The election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon all days of election, and during the calendar months next preceding the election.

SEC. 12. No person shall be qualified to vote at any election except at the district in which he may reside at the time, and where he shall have resided in such district at least two months next preceding the election.

SEC. 13. All elections for officers of the militia shall be by ballot.

SEC. 14. Whenever any qualified voter of this Commonwealth is absent from the district, county, city or township in which he may be entitled to vote at any election by reason of his being employed in the service of the United States, or of this State, in the army or navy thereof, or in the militia when called into actual service, or in the discharge of any official duty under the government of the United States or of this State, or in the discharge of his duties as an officer, attendant or clerk of any election district, or as a member of any State or county board of canvassers, or as a delegate to any State or county convention, or as an election clerk, or while engaged in the transportation of passengers or freight on the railroad, canal, lake or river, or while employed by any person or firm engaged in such transportation, or while employed in the service of any college, academy or school of learning as professor, teacher or student thereof, or while absent from the district, county, city or township in which he may be entitled to vote at any election, on account of sickness or physical disability, such voter may vote in the district in which he may be for the time being, or may have previously resided, and in which he may be entitled to vote at the next election, and not elsewhere, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 15. No person in the military, naval or marine service of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this State in consequence of being stationed within the same, nor shall any such person be entitled to vote at any election unless he shall have resided in this State one year next before the election at which he shall offer to vote.

SEC. 16. No person shall be qualified to vote as an election officer who shall hold or shall within two months have held any office or appointment or employment in or under the government of the United States or of this State or of any city or county or of any municipal board, commission or trust in any city, save only justices of the peace and aldermen, notaries public and persons in the militia service of this State, nor unless he shall at the time be eligible to any civil office to be filled at an election at which he shall serve, save only to such subordinate municipal or local offices as may be created by the city or county offices, as shall be designated by general law.

Pursuant to the provisions contained in the 13th section of the act of General Assembly, being a supplement to the act regulating the elections in this Commonwealth, approved January 30, 1874:

SEC. 13. As soon as the polls shall close, the officers of the election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given first in full on her name, first in the words and next in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers, and certified; the inspectors and any officer refusing to certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns he or they refuse to sign, his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote so certified shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a list of said returns, showing the votes received by each candidate shall be signed by the officers in the same as the vote is certified, and the same shall be posted upon the door of the election house for information of the public. The original return sheet shall be preserved in an envelope and be sealed in the presence of the officers and cast envelope with the unsealed return sheet, given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally papers and unsealed duplicate of said return sheet, and shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty four miles if their residence is not in a city, borough or village, upon the line of a railroad leading to a county seat, shall, before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and other judges shall, before two o'clock post meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said return, together with said return sheet, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said return shall be filed, and the date of the hour of filing noted on the same, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection.

Also, that where a judge, by sickness or unavoidable accident, is unable to attend, then the certificate of return shall be taken charge of by one of the inspectors or clerks of the election district, who shall in all respects perform the duties required of said judge unable to attend.

The following Act of Assembly, regulating the mode of voting in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, was passed March 30, 1869:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same that the qualified voters of the several districts in the several counties of the Commonwealth, at all general elections, borough, and special elections, are hereby hereinafter authorized and required to vote by tickets printed or written, severally classified as follows:

One ticket shall contain the names of all Judges of courts voted for, and to be labeled "Judiciary."

One ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, including the office of Senator, members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, to be labeled "State."

One ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including the office of Senator, members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, to be labeled "County."

One ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers voted for, and be labeled "Township."

One ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labeled "Borough."

And each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of the sheriffs in the several counties of the Commonwealth to insert in their election proclamations hereafter issued the provisions of this act.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted, That every person qualified as aforesaid, except the judges, inspectors and clerks of elections, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or county, or any municipal board, commission or trust, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the select and common councils of any city, or commissioners of any county, and also that every judge, inspector or clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no inspector, judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for; but nothing herein shall be so construed as to prevent any militia officer or postmaster from serving as judge, inspector or clerk at any general or special election; nor shall anything herein contained be so construed as to prohibit a judge, inspector or clerk of either from being voted for for all and any township offices, or reader either of any of them ineligible to hold the same.

The respective said judge of elections shall meet at the respective places appointed for holding of their elections in the districts by them respectively belong before seven o'clock in the morning, and each of said inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of said district.

In case the person who shall receive the second highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of any election, then the person who shall attend who received the highest number of votes for judge at the next preceding election shall act as inspector in his place. And in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for judge shall not attend at the time fixed for the holding of the election, then the inspector who received the highest number of votes for judge shall act as judge in his place, or if any vacancy shall continue in the board for the space of one hour after the time fixed for the opening of the election the qualified voters present shall elect one of the inspectors judge, and one of the qualified voters present shall be appointed inspector to fill the vacancy thus occasioned, and shall be sworn or affirmed by the judge who is first in office previously to entering upon the duties of his appointment. And in case any vacancy shall occur in the office of inspector or judge after the election, by death, resignation, refusal to act, or otherwise, the vacancy shall be filled by the qualified electors present, who shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

SEC. 4. That no person shall be entitled to vote at any election other than the township, ward, district or borough in which he may reside at the time of such election, and in which he shall have resided for two months next before the election. But if any citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter or elector of this State and removed therefrom, and has resided in the city or district in which he offers to vote for two months next preceding the election, he shall be entitled to vote after residing in this State one year, if he shall have previously paid a State or county tax which may have been assessed at least two months before the election.

SEC. 5. That every person shall be deemed a resident of the district in which he may claim a vote for such time as he has actually resided therein, and has a fixed place of abode in such district, to which, whenever he is absent, he has the intention of returning.

SEC. 6. That no person shall be deemed to have lost his residence by reason of his absence on business of the United States, or of this State, or on the high seas, or in the military or naval service of the United States, or of this State, nor while a student in any seminary of learning, nor while kept at any almshouse or other asylum at public expense, nor while confined in public prison.

SEC. 7. That it shall be the duty of the assessors, when required by any citizen of this commonwealth, to attend at the place of holding elections of the district of which they are assessors, for the purpose of giving information to said citizen in relation to the right of said citizen to vote, and said assessors shall remain in said district for that purpose from the hour of nine o'clock A. M. until the hour of seven o'clock P. M. of said day, and they shall have power to hear testimony touching the right of any citizen to vote, and to decide upon the same subject to the right of appeal hereinafter provided; and said assessors shall, at the time of registering the name of any person, enter in the list to be by them kept for that purpose the ward, township, borough or district in which said person resides, and the street and number of the dwelling house in which he resides, if in a city, and such other description of the residence of such person as may be necessary to identify the same, and shall give to each person whose name they shall register a certificate stating that the name of such person has been registered as a voter, and specifying the ward, township, borough or district in which such person resides, and the street and number of the dwelling house in which he resides, if in a city, and such other description of his residence as may be necessary to identify the same, which certificate shall entitle such person to vote at the election next thereafter held in the district in which he resides, if he shall then produce the same, unless he shall be challenged as a person who has previously voted at such election, and the assessors shall make the like entries in the list to be kept by them of the names of persons to whom they shall grant certificates of naturalization, or the names of persons whose naturalization papers they have examined and approved, and to whom they shall refuse certificates, and the reasons for such refusal, and shall in all things perform the duties required of them by the naturalization laws of the United States; and said assessors shall meet at the place of holding elections in their respective districts on the day of every general election, and on the day of every township election, and on the day of every election of delegates to a State convention, and on the day of every election of delegates to a county convention, and on the day of every election of a county chairman, and on the day of every election of a county committee, for the purpose of registering the names of persons entitled to vote at such elections, and for the purpose of hearing and deciding upon the claims of persons to vote at such elections, and for the purpose of hearing and deciding upon the claims of persons to have their names registered as voters, and for the purpose of registering the names of persons entitled

L. W. MASON

Is daily receiving some of the finest HEATING STOVES ever brought into Smethport, which he is selling not below cost, but for a small per cent., for cash.

SHELF GOODS.

A full line of shelf goods usually kept in a hardware store, and sold at the lowest possible price.

Step into Mason's and examine the RANGES manufactured by Quimby & Perry, Troy, N. Y. They are the best in the market.

THE McKEAN MINER.

Smethport, Pa., October 20, 1881.

HERE AND HEREABOUTS.

—Wall paper at Specht & Basse's. 19-tf.

—The Yorktown Centennial is in full blast.

—There is an abundant supply of mud just at present.

—Isn't it about time to have another live company meeting?

—All shades in knitting silks at R. O. Smith & Co.'s, Olean, N. Y. 45-3t

—Lin Mason is building a barn on the premises north of his dwelling.

—The new Methodist bell has been placed in position in the tower.

—Gen. Robert Halsey, of New York, is stopping at the Bennett House.

—Good sidewalks would be very convenient during this muddy season.

—The woods present a most beautiful appearance in their variegated colors.

—Several lawyers from Bradford are attending Argument Court this week.

—It is said the B. N. Y. & P. R'y will soon erect a new round house at Olean.

—Messrs. S. C. Hyde and Judge Boynton, of Emporium, were in town Tuesday.

—Read Gov. Hoyt's answer to Wolfe's charges, published on the outside of this issue.

—Rev. W. H. Wagoner started for his new field of labor, Rushford, Tuesday morning.

—John Dugel is pushing the work of putting down the stone walk in front of the court house.

—Full lines of black and colored Surah Silks at Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co.'s, Olean, N. Y. 45-3t

—Frank Taylor with his wife and little Bessie are spending a few days in town among friends.

—An immense assortment of Ladies' Suiting Flannels at Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co.'s, Olean, N. Y. 45-3t

—Rev. E. P. Hubbell, the new minister will preach in the Court House next Sunday at 11 o'clock a. m.

—Have you examined Rubin's new stock of jewelry and silverware? It is elegant, elaborate and cheap.

—Mr. Wm. G. Bancroft, long a member of the firm of Barnes & Bancroft, Buffalo, died on Sunday evening last.

—All colors in the celebrated Columbia, Germantown Yarns, at Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co.'s, Olean, N. Y. 45-3t

—Miss E. J. Young, who has been visiting friends for sometime past, returns to her home in Jamestown to-day.

—Board is ten dollars a day in Yorktown during the centennial. It would be a good place for some of Smethport's hotels.

—Rev. Thos. K. Beecher, of Elmira, has been nominated for Member of Assembly by the Greenbackers of Chemung county.

—Harry Richmond opened his new drug store on Monday and will gladly dish out pills and squills to all who may call for them.

—All the new and desirable shades in silks, plushes and velvets may be found at Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co.'s, Olean, New York. 45-3t.

—The Greenback faction that not long ago existed in the county has evidently gave up the ghost, as we have heard nothing from them in some time.

—Dr. Brown has purchased the brown "nag" for some time owned by Mr. Henry Hamlin. Doc. will have good horses regardless of expense.

—Vote the whole ticket. If we can elect one candidate we can elect all, and we don't know of a particular one who is more deserving than another.

—Mr. N. T. Cummings and family have moved from Ridgway to Fulton, Ark. Mrs. Cummings is a daughter of Mrs. John Taylor of this borough.

—The wife of Judge Williams, of Wellsboro, last week attended the convention of the Women's Temperance Society of this State at Pittsburgh.

—Chester says the crop of pigeons next spring will be heavy. He will soon be getting the "right of way" for netting purposes. "There's millions in it!"

—W. S. Brownell & sons have just returned from the city where a large stock of new goods was purchased. Call early and make selections of this ever reliable firm.

—And now Stebbins, of the Cuba *Patriot*, is issuing a daily. We wish "Steb" every success, and hope it will not prove another "earthquake" on his hands.

—Wash. Stark has put up a building at the "big bridge" near Alton, and intends to make a fortune by dispensing cigars and tobacco at that point. Success to him.

—Who wants cash for ten or fifteen cords of seasoned wood—maple preferred? The man who will deliver it cheapest can have the contract. Inquire at this office.

—We agree with the Bradford *Star*, that every Republican in the county should consider himself a member of a vigilance committee to render Morrison's nomination equivalent to an election.

—Services at St. Luke's church on Sunday, October 23d, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The Rector will officiate. Service on All Saints Day Monday, Nov. 1st, at 10:30 a. m. (Holy Communion.)

—The apprehension has become general that Prof. King, who went up in a balloon from Chicago last week, has met with a disaster, nothing having been heard from him since last Friday.

—Splendid value and elegant patterns in Hamburg Edges and Laces of all descriptions at Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co.'s Olean, N. Y. 45-3t

—Blankets, Quilts, Feathers, Pillows and House Furnishing Goods of all kinds at Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co.'s, Olean, N. Y. 45-3t

—Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Window Shades and Wall Papers. The largest stock in Western New York, at Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co.'s Olean, N. Y.

—Splendid values in Black Velvets costing $1.25, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, $7.000 and $10.00 at Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co.'s, Olean, N. Y. 45-3t

—Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co., of Olean, N. Y., desire to call special attention to their large and complete stock of Ladies' Winter Cloaks, Dolmans and Mantles.

—The tobacco store recently purchased of A. Reilly by Thomas Frisbee, has been remodeled and repapered. It is in fine shape, and Joe is only waiting for the arrival of new goods which are daily expected.

—Mrs. T. D. Nash has just opened a beautiful stock of new hats and ladies' furnishing goods which are being disposed of at the lowest prices. Call and see her large display and make early selections.

—We are pleased to hear that our neighboring town of Eldred is being rapidly rebuilt. The citizens of that place have the pluck and enterprise and will make Eldred bigger and better than ever before.

—Thos. McKeon, the Eagle safe burglar, who forfeited bail given to appear in court, was arrested again in Bradford on Thursday the 13th inst., but broke away from the officers while being taken to jail and is now at large.

—Don't fail to call and examine Haskill & Son's new goods. Their stock is simply immense and we are told is being sold at nearly cost. Their store presents the appearance of a museum as you can find everything called for.

—Drs. Scheffer, Sweet and Cox have been arrested on a charge of malpractice in an operation performed at Tarport a few days since. They waived examination, and the courts will have another interesting case to dispose of.

—The finishing touches are being put on J. C. Backus' new store. Mr. A. Reilly is doing the plastering and making an excellent job of it. Mr. R. thoroughly understands the business and is doing a job of which he may well feel proud.

—Potter county is the place for crops after all. One man over there just finished digging 920 bushels of potatoes, and will market them in Cameron and McKean counties. The idea that only leeks are grown in Potter is an erroneous one.

—Found that the Cheap Cash Store, No. 44 Main street, one door east of the Rockwell House, Smethport, Pa., gives you more goods for your money than any other store in town, either in Dry Goods, Notions, Hosiery, Choice Family Groceries, Boots & Shoes, or Crockery.

—Warley Gifford has sold out his store building at Davis City and closed business at that point. He will soon build a store at Howard Hill and sell goods at that point. Warley is an enterprising merchant and keeps his business eye open to take in any good thing that comes along.

—Guiteau, the assassin, was arraigned in Court on Friday last, and his trial fixed for November 7th. No violence was attempted when taking the wretch to and from the court, though a half-crazy fellow tried to borrow a revolver in the court room with which to shoot the villain.

—A terrible glycerine explosion occurred on Thursday evening last at about 9 o'clock, the shock from which was perceptibly felt in Smethport. It appears to have been one of Robert's magazines containing some 300 pounds and located on the West Branch about two miles from Bradford.

—Argument Court was held a portion of this week, both the President and Additional Law Judges being present, assisted by Associates Brownell and Fuller. Two courts were kept running, and the long list of 120 cases was rapidly disposed of. The court adjourned Wednesday afternoon.

—Paul Edward, a little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Tracy, living near the McK. & B. depot, was buried on Tuesday last. He was first taken with diptheria and terminated with gastric fever, causing the little fellow's death. He was a bright child, and the parents have the sympathy of all in their great affliction.

—Will J. Soule and Mrs. M. E. Coole, both of Alton, were united in wedlock at the Rockwell House, on Saturday, October 15th, by Rev. W. C. Wiltse. Adams, the popular clerk at that house, cracked a bottle of the best imported for the contracting parties, and says he will repeat the act on like occasions.

—The Bradford *Evening Telegram* is doing the Republican candidates more good than harm in blackguarding them. The reputation of its editor is too well known among the few subscribers by whom it is taken to make them believe his libellous trash. Better keep still, Lester, you are only injuring your own party—the Democrats.

—The Erie *Herald* says Orange Noble, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer, is merely a simple old man, with some money, and a few political sharpers are working him for all he is worth. Indeed what a fit subject for the Treasurership. He would be almost as valuable as a dead bull-dog lying at the open door of the vault.

—We are under obligations to our New City correspondent for favors received, and hope he will continue to keep the MINER posted in regard to happenings in his neighborhood. He furnished us with the concluding report of the Smethport Institute, but it being received too late for publication we omit it, having devoted much space already to that event.

—A dispatch to the *Era* from Kane, Monday, says the railroad war is suspended. The New York, Lake Erie and Western railroad company came to a truce Saturday afternoon, between Ridgway and Johnsonburg, on the west side of the Clarion. Both parties agreed to stop work until next spring. Gen. Kane retains the east side of the river, whose his men are going on with the work.

—Beaded Gimps, Passementeries, Ornaments and Girdles, an immense stock in elegant qualities at R. O. Smith & Co.'s, Olean, N. Y. 45-3t

—Ladies' Misses' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear. Complete lines of these goods at Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co.'s, Olean, N. Y. 45-3t

—It is said that First Assistant Postmaster General Tyner has been asked by President Arthur to resign. Tyner, it appears, has long known of the frauds in postoffice affairs, but has suppressed the facts that he might use the participators for his personal aggrandizement. James unearthed the business and laid the matter before the President who quietly told Tyner to step down and out.

—We have received a very neatly printed pamplet containing the memorial services of the late President held in the First Baptist Church in Bradford on Sunday, Sept. 25, last. The exercises consisted of an excellent address on "Garfield's Military record," by Col. J. A. Ege, the tribute of Col. W. W. Brown, which appeared in the MINER some time since, and the oration of Rev. A. E. Rose.

—A new set of swindlers, who wish to make profit at each end of the transaction, have lately been circulating a "Notice to Customers" to the following effect "The United States Government has fixed the following values of silver coin with holes in them: Dollars, 65 cents, half-dollars, 35 cents, quarters, 15 cents, dimes, 5 cents, half-dimes, 4 cents." This notice is repudiated by the Treasury officials at Washington.

—The Elkland *Journal* says "Uncle Reuben" Cook, probably the oldest man in this section, and well known in all parts of the county, died in Brookfield township on the 5th inst., aged ninety-nine years and three months. When but ten years of age he and his father first came up the river in a canoe, landing where Mr. P. Tubbs now lives. He helped cut the first clearing where is now situated the village of Wellsboro.

—Messrs. R. O. Smith & Co., of Olean, N. Y., are showing an elegant assortment of Ladies' Imported Winter Wraps in elegant French Diagonals, both in light colors and black. These goods are very superior in style and finish, and are selling largely in excess of the ordinary domestic made garments. The prices range from $12 to $50 each. They are also showing some beautiful garments in Silk and Satin Redames, costing from $30 to $75. An inspection of this stock will repay all who are interested in Stylish Winter Wraps. 45-3t

Mr. Joel Bartwell, of Marion, Iowa, and formerly a resident of this vicinity, is visiting his children, relatives and numerous friends in this county. He is the father of S. C. Bartwell and Mrs. W. J. Davis, of Port Allegany, and Mrs. J. L. Bean of Farmers' Valley. Mr. Bartwell is 83 years old, yet he is as active physically and bright mentally as most people at fifty. His recital of the early history of the county and reference to the old time citizens are very interesting. His frequent visits to the MINER office are much enjoyed. On the fourth page of this issue appears a well written reminiscence of this old pioneer which is copied from the Port Allegany *Reporter*.

—It is not often that the common people have much power with the astute judges of the land, but out in Colorado the judges of the common court are condescending enough to listen to the people even though they are outside the court room. The other day four murderers were tried in a Colorado court and the judge cleared the first one, and was about to proceed to do the same with the rest, when the crowd outside hung the man just cleared and then notified the judge that if he cleared the other three they would hang them and him also. It only took two seconds to convince the judge that the other three men deserved hanging.

—In the classic shades of Deadwood the average native is not very choice in selecting the language used in advertising a runaway wife. The notices are generally written and pasted in the postoffices and saloons, where they will catch the eyes of a majority of the population. A recent one reads as follows: "My wife Sarah has Shook my ranche. When I dident Dus a darned thing. Too hur an' I want it distinctly Unnerstood that any man That tare hur Ian an' keers fur hur On my account Will git himself pumped so Full of led that Sum tenderfoot wil Locate him fur a Mineral claims. If she runs hur face fur goods I won't Put up fur Hur, an' I'le lick the son-of-a-tor na-do that talks hur stand-off even Fur the drinx. a word To the wise is sufficient an' orter work on fools too."

—John Brawley's election is conceded. —*Era*.

In your mind, Mr. *Era*. It is strongly suspected by many that there is a certain *influence* that can be brought to bear upon the *Era* man that will make him concede most anything to the candidate who has the most money. It has always been a noticeable fact, at least, that the *Era* never advocates the election of a candidate immediately after the convention. When the proper time comes, however, it fairly overdoes itself in advocating some particular individual on the ticket—and that individual always seems to be pretty well fixed financially. Its strange, but true. No, the election of Brawley is not conceded, but it is conceded that the Bradford *Era* does not represent the Republican party or its sentiments, in this county.

Important to Travelers.

Special inducements are offered you by the Burlington Route. It will pay you to read their advertisement to be found elsewhere in this issue. 44-3m.

For Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his large blacksmith shop and grounds attached at reasonable rates. There is not a more conveniently arranged shop in the county, and can be purchased at a bargain. Oct. 6, 1881. 44-4t. FRANK KERR.

For Sale.

The undersigned will sell at public auction at his shop, on Friday, Oct. 14, 2 o'clock p. m., a coat and vest belonging to Dr. M. J. Earley and two coats, two vests and a pair of pants left at his shop by Wm. Murday. The above goods were left with me for repairing and cleaning, and as they have not been called for will be disposed of according to law.

JAS. McNULTY,
Smethport, Sept. 29, 1881. 3-t.

For Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale one span of good heavy team horses and harnesses, together with a good lumber wagon almost new, also one single horse and platform wagon, and some cows. For particulars inquire of

A. REILLY,
Smethport, Pa.

Opened.

On Monday the event of opening the Grand Central to the public occurred. Mr. Hildreth, the popular conductor of the house, invited many of his friends to dine with him on the occasion, all of whom enjoyed his hospitality most heartily. It is a model house, has a model landlord, and there is no reason why it should not do a large business. The clerk, Mr. Williams, is obliging and popular, and everything will be done to make the Grand Central second to no hotel in the State.

Our Agricultural Society.

The McKean County Agricultural Society, during the first year of its organization, paid its premiums in full and also declared a dividend of ten per cent. on its capital stock. This year, the second, notwithstanding the necessary outlay of a large sum of money, the society again paid its premiums in full and is in a flourishing condition. This is in striking contrast with the agricultural society of the wealthy county of Erie, in this state, which this year paid to premium holders but fifty cents on the dollar.

The premiums yet unpaid, declared by our society, will be adjusted by I. H. Dolly, treasurer, at his store in this village, if application is made before the 20th of November next. After that date, they will be considered as donated to the society. *Reporter*.

Comfortable Home.

The most conveniently arranged house in this borough, we think, is that of D. C. Young. No expense has been spared to put it in its present condition, and excellent taste has been shown in all its appointments. The heating apparatus is perfect in every particular and from cellar to garrett the house can be kept at a desired temperature. The water convenience is all one could wish, the arrangement for hot and cold water having been made in all parts, and the closets, bath tubs, &c. are found in different parts of the domicile. Mr. Young has also built a new barn, which resembles a comfortable dwelling house more than the home of horses of the receptacle for carriages. It has several compartments for special use. The painting of the exterior is nearly completed, and one of the finest barns in the county about ready for use.

He Didn't Advertise.

A nervous looking man went into a store the other day, says a valued exchange, and sat down for half an hour or so, when a clerk asked if there was anything she could do for him. He said no, he didn't want anything. She went away, and he sat there half an hour longer, when the proprietor went to him and asked if he wanted to be shown anything. "No," said the nervous man, "I just wanted to sit around. My physician has recommended perfect quiet for me and says above all things I must avoid being in crowds. Noticing that you did not advertise in the newspapers I thought that this would be as quiet a place as I could find, so I just dropped in for a few hours of complete isolation." The merchant picked up a ball of paper cambric to brain him, but the man went out. He said all he wanted was a quiet life.

Foster School Notes.

The teachers of Foster township held their fourth meeting Saturday, October 8th. Owing to some misunderstanding the attendance was not so large as usual. The exercises of the day consisted chiefly in the discussion of notes taken at the County Institute which ended the day before. Prof. M. O. Campbell, County Superintendent, and Prof. O. W. Kratz, of New Castle were present which added to the interest in the meeting. The following programme was read for October 23d:

How to use the Globe	J. J. McCarty
How to use Maps	R. I. Vaughan
Grammar	S. A. Kaufman
Opening Exercises	A. E. Farrell
Object Lessons	Jessie Ingalsbee
How to teach new words	Anna Satterlee
Benefit of Township Institutes	A. L. Chaney

A cordial invitation is extended to all interested in the welfare of our schools to be present at our next meeting which will be held at the Gillmor school house on Saturday, October 29d. CLIO.

Geneseo Conference.

The Geneseo Conference of the M. E. Church which was in session for a week in Bradford adjourned last week Tuesday, after making the following appointments for this district:

L. A. Stevens, Presiding Elder, Friendship, N. Y.

Andover	E. B. Williams
Angelica	J. J. Payne
Allegany	J. R. Catnin
Aiken	Supplied by Wm. Branson
Alton	Supplied by W. H. McKenzie
Belfast	T. E. Clayton
Belmont	W. I. Jones
Bolivar	T. R. Stratton
Bradford	C. W. Cushing
Centreville and Eagle	N. B. Congdon
Cerro	Supplied by W. T. Hughes
Coudersport	C. Tallenbeck
Cuba	J. A. Smith
Custer City	D. A. Parvella
Duke Centre	J. W. Wright
East Ashford,	Supplied by A. I. Blanchard
East Otto	Thos. Shaw
Eldred	T. F. Parker
Elliottsville	E. G. Piper
Farmersville,	Supplied by A. W. Marville
Franklinville	O. M. Leggett
Friendship	J. A. Copeland
Foster Brook	F. S. Parkhurst
Ft. Valley,	Supplied by W. H. Farnham
Hinsdale	M. D. Jackson
Hooper	Supplied by P. W. Maynard
Jachan	G. H. Van Vradenburgh
Kendall	I. N. Dalbey
Knapps Creek,	Supplied by J. G. Hawkins
Limestone	S. D. Pickett
Machias	J. L. Davies
Olean	J. L. Bury
Oswayo	Supplied by Nathan North
Otto	A. H. Johnson
Port Allegany	J. K. Underhill, one to be supplied (M. Tupper)
Portville	W. Bradley
Rushford	W. B. Wagoner
Selo	R. Canfield
Smethport	E. P. Hubbell
Stannards Cor's	Supplied by W. Miller
Summit City	J. Wootton
Ulysses	A. B. Kelley
Wellsville	C. G. Stevens
Whitesville	J. F. Brown

A. W. Cummings Principal Riverside Seminary, member Wellsville Quarterly Conference.

WOLFE'S MOTIVES.

STATE TREASURER BUTLER REPLIES BLUNTLY TO HIS ASSAILANT.

After Mr. Wolfe's criticism of the State Treasury management in his speeches at Chester and Titusville during the past week, a correspondent of the *Press* solicited an interview with the Hon. Samuel Butler in reference to these charges. In interviews published in the *Press* of Thursday and yesterday Mr. Butler replied briefly to a number of the statements made by the Independent candidate. In his address at Germantown on Thursday night Mr. Wolfe took occasion to reiterate what he had said before. Mr. Butler was in Philadelphia yesterday and to a reporter of the *Press* he made a more explicit and general denial, which in view of Mr. Wolfe's conflicting statements, the occasion seemed to him to demand. "Mr. Wolfe's motive," said the State Treasurer, "is a wish to destroy the Republican party and all who follow it. It is not so much the ascendancy of a new and better party as the ascendancy of Mr. Wolfe. To accomplish his object he would not hesitate to destroy the private reputation of any man who stood in the way of his ambition. Mr. Wolfe in his insatiable love of notoriety would be satisfied to come into conflict with the officers of the law if he could do so consistently with his assumed position. It is impudence rather than bravery with him. I do not question his financial integrity, but I do question his sense of honesty and fair dealing for an opponent."

"What have you to say further in regard to the publishing of the monthly statements?

"This has become a question of the interpretation of the law. The matter is in the hands of my legal advisers, who will doubtless answer his legal argument, with which I have nothing to do. With regard to my deposits in the Peoples' Bank of Philadelphia I have nothing to add, except to say that I have not seen more than two or three of the gentlemen whom he represents as stockholders in the bank since my election to office, and then only accidentally. Not one of them has ever in any way asked for or received a favor from me or intimated to me that he had any wishes in regard to the disposition of the State money."

CARLISLE AND THE TREASURY.

Mr. Wolfe repeats his charge that at the beginning of your administration Mr. Cameron made up a deficit in the State Treasury.

"I most emphatically reassert my statement made the other night, that I never had a financial transaction or agreement with either of the Camerons and I intend this denial to be so broad as to preclude any possibility of its being misunderstood."

Mr. Wolfe asserts that the accounts of the State with leading banks have been changed or readjusted since his campaign began."

This statement, like others that Mr. Wolfe has made, betrays an ignorance and stupidity that I should not have expected from him. He ought to know that the receipts of the State Treasury have reached half a million of dollars on a single day and our payments have been even larger. How is it then possible for us to keep our deposits in the same condition for two days, much less for several months? It seems to me that a charge of this character is too silly to make to an audience of business men, to whom Mr. Wolfe mainly addresses himself. As for the Allegany Bank, I am not aware that I know a stockholder in it. I have ascertained that it is one of the most reputable, responsible and accommodating banks in this Commonwealth. I found it a depository of State funds when I took possession of the office, and I have never yet heard a single reason advanced why I should take the State deposits from it. I have never drawn upon it, either by letter or telegraph, that I have not met with a prompt and business like response. I consider that the Allegheny Bank has been of as much convenience to me as Treasurer as my official deposits have been to it as a business institution. It has on three or four occasions earnestly requested me to withdraw a large part of my deposits, as they could not use the money, and, therefore, wished to avoid the payment of the national tax upon the deposits."

HOW THE TREASURY HELPS BANKS.

Mr. Wolfe says you have favored this and other banks."

That is one of the charges in which Mr. Wolfe means to insinuate that I have been dishonest without giving either proof or reason. If he were Treasurer, he would deposit money in the banks, and to the extent to which these banks could use those funds profitably the deposits would undoubtedly be a benefit. To that extent I have favored banks and no further. The profit that any particular bank may have derived therefrom is incidental and was made as legitimately as that gained from any private deposit and without the knowledge of the depositor. If, however, Mr. Wolfe means to charge that the best interests of the State have not been the first consideration with me in choosing depositories and intrusting my deposits, I emphatically and indignantly deny the assertion, and I will depend on the results of my eighteen months in authority to allay the suspicions which his speeches were intended to create. These results are briefly as follows. On taking possession of the office in May, 1880, I found in round numbers a floating indebtedness of three and and a quarter millions of money. Now the Treasury does not owe a dollar that the law permits us to pay. The State has no floating indebtedness that we can get hold of before February 1, and we have heavier balances in the Treasury than we desire to keep there. The amount of the balances has been increased because we are compelled by the appropriation acts of 1881 to withhold the money devoted to charitable and penal institutions until they report to the Treasurer and Auditor General quarterly itemized statements of their receipts and expenditures. This provision being a new feature in the appropriation laws, some of the institutions have been tardy in making their reports and drawing their appropriations.

MR. BUTLER'S MOTIVES.

"From the creditors of the Commonwealth whom I have met in the performance of my duties I have yet to hear the first complaint of delay in the payment of their claims, but, on the contrary, I have in a number of instances paid large sums of money in advance of demands made upon the Treasury, and almost against the wishes of the managers of institutions in whose favor appropriations were made. I intend this statement to be a plain, emphatic and complete denial of every charge or insinuation of wrong-doing or mismanagement of the Treasury Office since I took possession of it. The finances of the State are in as good a condition to-day as they ever were. If there are any discrepancies in the accounts, any deficits in deposits, any errors in the transactions of the Department I alone am responsible. I have been dictated to by no one, nor subjected to the advice or suggestions of any man or group of men. No one has controlled or sought to control my actions; my administration has been my own, and the only personal advantage I hoped to derive from two years' Treasurership was the reputation of having fairly, honestly and ably discharged the duties of the office."—*Philadelphia Press*, of the 13th inst.

CORRESPONDENCE.

COLLINS, McKean Co., Pa., Oct. 16, '81.

To the Editor of The Miner:

We wish to state to the readers of the MINER that Corydon is bound to be an oil territory of some importance.

The Burmore, Brawley & Co. well struck the flag last evening and created quite an excitement. This well was looked upon as a test, and it surpasses all expectations. This morning at an early hour, when all was quiet about the well, a party of men went to work and measured the oil in the hole and found 570 feet of crude; they ran the bailer twice (to agitate her) and on measuring again found over eight hundred feet of grease. The well is shut down for want of tankage and nothing further will be done until a tank is set up.

McIntyre & Wright's No. 2, is drilling but nothing is known about the depth or prospects.

Wright's well on warrant No. 3733 is about to start the drill, and when down will be one of tests that the people are watching with interest. S. O. S.

A Card.

We take this method of publicly acknowledging our deep obligation to Mrs. R. Kerns, Mrs. Hiram Bush, Mrs. Martz and many other friends who so kindly came to our aid in the hour of our sad affliction, the sickness and death of our little son. It is indeed gratifying to know, and we congratulate our fellow citizens of Smethport that such noble-hearted ladies are dwellers in our midst.

JAS. M. TRACY,
ANNA TRACY.

Oct. 20, 1881.

DIED.

MOORE.—At the residence of her son, A. J. Parker, on Tuesday, October 11, 1881, Mrs. Elizabeth Moore, aged 77 years and 8 months.

MARRIED.

SCOTT-COOLE.—At the Rockwell House, Smethport, October 18, 1881, by Rev. W. C. Wiltse, Mr. Will J. Soule and Mrs. M. E. Coole, both of Alton.

She Passed It Along.

"I send you my testimonial in reference to 'Spring Blossom,' having taken it for dyspepsia and receiving almost immediate relief. I passed it to my neighbor, who is using it with same results."

MRS. J. W. LEFLET, Elmira, N. Y.

Price 50 cents, trial bottles 10 cents.

Physical Suffering.

No one can realize except by personal experience, the anguish of mind and body endured by sufferers from dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and other diseases of the stomach. "Burdock Blood Bitters are a positive cure for this direst of all diseases. Price $1.00; trial size 10 cents. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

In Good Spirits.

T. Walker, Cleveland, O., writes:—"For the last twelve months I have suffered with lumbago and general debility. I commenced taking "Burdock Blood Bitters" about six weeks ago, and now have great pleasure in stating that I have recovered my appetite, my complexion has grown ruddy, and I feel better altogether." Price $1, trial size 10 cents. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

Gently Does It.

Eugene Cross, Swan street, Buffalo, writes: "I have used "Spring Blossom" for dyspepsia and indigestion, and have found it to act admirably as a gentle aperient and blood purifier. I consider it unequalled. You are at liberty to use my name as a reference." Price 50 cents a bottle, trial bottles 10 cents. For sale by A. B. Armstrong, Smethport, Pa.

WM. HASKILL & SON.

WM. HASKILL & SON

Have just received the largest stock of

FALL & WINTER GOODS

Ever brought into town.

Ladies will find rare bargains in Dress Fabrics.

Prices on Cloaks and Dolmans surprise all.

Entire new stock in every department.

Call and be convinced that it is the largest stock in Smethport.

LOTS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES
—AT—
Farmers' Valley Depot.

The undersigned is prepared to lease very eligible lots for building and business purposes at Farmers' Valley depot, on reasonable terms. For further information call upon or address

ADAM BROCKAM,
Farmers' Valley, Pa.
May 6, 1879-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

H. W. RUBIN,

Dealer in

Gold and Silver Watches,

—JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.—

Having employed a first-class Watchmaker and Engraver, I am now prepared to do all manner of

ENGRAVING,

and such work as belongs to the trade.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

I have also on hand a fine assortment of

LADIES' AND GENTS'

FURNISHING Goods.

MAIN STREET, SMETHPORT, PA.

LIFE and DEATH of JAMES A. GARFIELD
comprehensive and reliable work. Just issued. Contains full and authentic account of ACCIDENT, ILLNESS, DEATH, FUNERAL, etc. AGENTS WANTED. 60 per cent. discount to Agents. Send for circulars and terms. Address HUBBARD BROS., Publishers, Philadelphia, Pa.
43-4t

GO TO THE

Marble Front Store!

SMETHPORT, PA.,

TO BUY YOUR

DRY GOODS!
GROCERIES,

Boots and Shoes.

W. D. GALLUP,
PROPRIETOR.

BROWN'S
IRON
A TRUE TONIC
A PERFECT STRENGTHENER. A SURE REVIVER.

IRON BITTERS are highly recommended for all diseases requiring a certain and efficient tonic; especially *Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Intermittent Fevers, Want of Appetite, Loss of Strength, Lack of Energy, etc.* Enriches the blood, strengthens the muscles, and gives new life to the nerves. They act like a charm on the digestive organs, *removing all dyspeptic symptoms*, such as *Tasting the Food, Belching, Heat in the Stomach, Heartburn, etc.* The only Iron Preparation that will not blacken the teeth or give headache. Sold by all druggists. Write for the A B C Book (32 pp. of useful and amusing reading)—*sent free*. BROWN CHEMICAL CO., Baltimore, Md.

See that all Iron Bitters are made by Brown Chemical Co. and have crossed red lines on wrapper.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

BITTERS

23-1y

JEWELRY

of all descriptions.

SILVER-WARE

The Best Made.

POCKET CUTLERY

A Full Assortment.

SPECTACLES

AND

EYE-GLASSES

TOYS,

And all Goods in my line for which I will DUPLICATE any REGULAR DEALERS Prices.

I Will match the

'ROCKFORD'

against the World for time and money.

All kinds of

REPAIRING

a specialty, and all work WARRANTED.

Call and See me.

M. L. Armstrong,

MAIN ST. SMETHPORT, PA

C. V. GILLIS,
dealer in

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS,
FANCY GOODS, &C.

KANE PA.

PLUMBING
Gas and Steam Fitting

As the citizens of Smethport are about to introduce water into their streets,

IRLBACKER & DAVIS,
No. 503 Main Street,
BUFFALO, N. Y.
—AND—
IRLBACKER, DAVIS & CO.,
No. 144 Union Street,
OLEAN, N. Y.

Offer their services to do anything desired in the line of Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting, guaranteeing the best possible work and materials at the lowest possible prices.

GIVE US A TRIAL.

A FACT!

—IS—

Fresh Goods are Every Day Received at

H. L. WILSON'S STORE,

MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.,

For the benefit of those who PAY CASH and get great bargains in all kinds of

CHOICE

Family Groceries,

PROVISIONS, ETC.

ALSO

HAMS, BUTTER & EGGS ALWAYS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

TEAS, COFFEES, FRUITS, WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE.

Remember the place—the Wendel Store.

18-tf. H. L. WILSON.

JOB PRINTING, executed with neatness and dispatch, at reasonable rates, at the MINER office.

UTE ELOQUENCE.

SPEECH OF THE GREAT CHIEF COLOROW ON THE SITUATION AS REPRODUCED AT LONG RANGE BY BILL NYE.

Warriors and Countrymen:—We are congregated today in our new corral. The paleface has rounded us up once more and led us one notch nearer the setting sun.

We are the courageous fragment of what was once known as the mighty Ute nation. Now we are cut out and herded on a new reservation like a bunch of Texas steers for the Chicago cattle market.

Warriors I glory in your prowess, your valor, your wild and untamed thirst for gore and rest. I now see before me the most ferocious band of beefsteak destroyers that the world has ever yet heard of. I am proud of your record.

You were told by the white father at Washington to pack your shawl straps and move to the ranche in the far west, so that Colorado white bean cultivators could have the graves of our ancestors to raise corky radishes and watermelons on. He told us that we might go to the new reservation and die of ennui if we chose, while the average Colorado granger dug up the bones of our people regardless of expense.

Then did you dig up the tomahawk and bury the pipe of peace?

Did you brandish your meat-axe and plunge it into the liver of your pale face foe?

Not that I remember of.

Did you sound the war cry of the nation and warn the American people to stand back or you would jar the entire national fabric?

Not if my memory still continues to work.

Did you not paralyze the pale face. You didn't walk over him and tramp him into the dirt very much. At least if you did the facts have not been correctly brought to my notice.

Instead of piling up a lot of ghastly fragments of busted Caucasians, you simply packed your night shirts and your tooth brushes and lit out for the new range.

I gaze upon you with singular pride. The chunk of swelling pride that is at this moment agitating my gizzard and striving for utterance is fully as big as a cook stove.

If I had a son 7 years old who hadn't more nerve and more sand than this feeble relic of the Ute nation has to-day, I would immediately take him out behind the straw pile and brain him with a boiled rutabaga.

Do you call to mind the days when we used to go over into North park and surprise a party of prospectors, and scoot them up the golden stair before breakfast? Have you forgotten the time when we stole enough grub to keep house and then sold our rations to the pale face for the latest style of firearms? I don't believe I ever saw such a terrible change, and it nearly breaks me up, and saddens me.

We are settled here now 50 miles from anywhere and among total strangers. We are at least 30 miles from telegraph and whisky facilities, and in the midst of the Mormon church. Our squaws may have crude and at times erroneous notions about the social relations, and they may have been more or less extemporaneous and impromptu, as it were, in relation to the matter of marriage, still they have not fallen into the grovelling customs of the pleasing Mormons.

We may have at times led a rather crooked and peculiar life in a number of respects but we have never been Mormons.

As I said before we have come here without a murmur. We just packed up the rosewood piano and the household collection of insects that had become attached to us, and moved like a lot of sore-eyed emigrants. I see about me warriors who might be powerful chiefs of a great nation, but instead of that you stand around here with your shirt tails sticking through little rustic apertures in your overalls.

Children of the forest, your race is nearly run. You will scatter a few polished soup bones and bacon rinds over this reservation and then die. You will probably die of gout. If some good, able bodied pilgrim would make a drainage tube out of a length of gas pipe and tap the whole tribe for laudable pus, he would win my undying esteem.

I am done. You have heard me cackle. You have to listened my melodious toot.

Now dry up and simmer down.

An Old McKean County Pioneer.

We had the pleasure of talking by the hand the other day, Mr. Joel Sartwell, a former resident of McKean county, and now a citizen of Marion, Iowa, who, with his estimable wife, is visiting children in this village. Mrs. W. J. Davis and Mr. S. C. Sartwell. Mr. Sartwell, who is now in his 83d year, came to this county from the State of New Hampshire in 1815, settling in Farmers Valley, and about twenty-five years ago moved to his present home in Iowa. He was one of the pioneers of McKean county and shared in the privations of those times incident to a new and sparsely populated country. We were much interested in hearing this venerable gentleman relate some of his early experiences when this county was small in the number of her population. Then people living even thirty miles apart were considered near neighbors and social intercourse was kept up uninterrupted between them. Mr. Sartwell spoke of the changes which twenty-five years have wrought in our county, as being far beyond his expectations, though before he left, the improvements that had been made from 1815 to the time of his departure for the west were marked and important. The first raft that was run down the river from above Port Allegany, was piloted by Mr. Sartwell. This was in the year 1816, and was from the old mill built by Sartwell & Burt in 1815, not many miles above this village. In 1818 he piloted a raft to Cincinnati. Mr. Sartwell at this period was a vigorous and active man, full of business, and had the supervision of building public roads in this county from means appropriated from the State Treasury. For a man of his years he is remarkably well preserved, and we trust that himself and excellent lady will enjoy many more years of usefulness. Mr. Sartwell and his companion will for some weeks to come visit their numerous friends in this county before leaving for their Iowa home.—*Reporter.*

A Wise Deacon.

"Deacon Wilder, I want you to tell me how you kept yourself and family well the past season when all the rest of us have been sick so much, and have had the doctors visiting us so often."

"Bro. Taylor, the answer is very easy. I used Hop Bitters in time; kept my family well and saved the doctor bills. Three dollars' worth of it kept us well and able to work all the time. I'll warrant it has cost you and the neighbors one to two hundred dollars apiece to keep sick the same time."

"Deacon, I'll use your medicine hereafter." 46-3t.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Notice.

Whereas my wife, Eliza, has left my bed and board without just cause or provocation, this is to forbid all persons from harboring or trusting her on my account, as I shall pay no debts of her contracting. ANDREW J. HYATT,

Smethport, Pa., September, 27, 1881. 45-4t

Notice.

Whereas my wife, Sarah A., has left my bed and board without cause or provocation, this is to forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account. GEO. W. KILE,

Sawyer City, Sept. 14, 1881. 43-3t

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN application will be made under the Act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain Corporations," approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for the Charter of an intended corporation to be called The Pennsylvania Mutual Telegraph Company, the object and object of which is the construction, maintenance, and operation of a telegraph line in the counties of Philadelphia, Delaware, Chester, Lancaster, Cumberland, Franklin, Huntingdon, Bedford, Fulton, Lawrence, Butler, Wyoming, Bradford, Susquehanna, Northampton, Lehigh, Berks, Lebanon, Dauphin, Montgomery, Carbon, Luzerne, Lackawanna, Schuylkill, Columbia, Monroe, Northumberland, Lycoming, Union, Erie, Warren, McKean, Crawford, Venango, Clarion, Armstrong, Westmoreland, Allegheny, Washington, Fayette, Somerset, Mercer, Beaver and Clinton, in the State of Pennsylvania, and for these purposes to have, possess, and enjoy all the rights, franchises, and privileges conferred by the said Act of Assembly and its supplements. READ & PETTIT, Solicitors.

43-3t; 318 Walnut St., Philadelphia.

INVENTORS address L. DYSON BLAIR, Attorney at Law and Patent Solicitor, 817 Seventh St., Washington, D. C., for instructions. Reasonable terms. Reference and advice sent free. We attend exclusively to Patent business. Reissues, Interferences, and cases rejected in other hands a specialty. Circulars solicited. Upon receipt of model or sketch and description, we give our opinion as to patentability, free of charge. We refer to the Commissioner of Patents, also to ex-Commissioners. Established 1856. 43-1y.

How-When-Where-Why

HOW?

Put money in your purse and come to my store where you can buy goods cheap.

WHEN?

Any time.

WHERE?

At my store in Colegrove. I invite examination and inspection.

WHY?

That's the question. Why buy of me? Well, because in justice to yourselves, friends and families.

Goods are all Marked in Plain Figures.

I can sell you better Goods and Cheaper than any other dealer in this Valley.

C. M. COLEGROVE.

Colegrove, Pa., Sept. 28, 1881.-tf.

J. C. HAMLIN & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

HARDWARE, STOVES, Etc.

CUTLERY,

GRICULTURAL TOOLS, PAINTS,

OILS, GLASS, PUTTY,

SHELF FURNITURE and TIN-WARE.

JOB WORK of all kinds done on short notice and at reasonable rates.

SMETHPORT, cor. Church and Main.

MILLINERY GOODS

LATEST

Fall and Winter

STYLES.

Ladies' Gauze Underwear, Fine Ruching, Veiling, Knitting Silk, Worsted & Notions.

All orders promptly executed with neatness and dispatch.

Prices warranted to please.

Miss E. CARSON,

Next door to Gallup's new brick store, up stairs, Main street, Smethport, Pa. 17-ly

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables

At Exchange Hotel Barn, near McK. & B. R. R. depot.

FRED NOURSE, Proprietor.

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs at Reasonable Rates.

43tf.

AGENTS WANTED for the Life and Assassination of our Martyred President

GARFIELD!

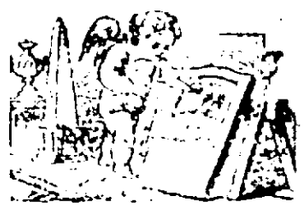
By Rev. Dr. Draper of New York. This with our Manual of American Progress. Mammoth Books in use. An A No. 1 Work for Home, Library or Counting House. E. B. TREAT, 757 Broadway, New York. 44-4t.

$5 Outfit sent free to those who want to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upwards is easily made without stirring away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young boys and girls make great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short way to fortune. Address at once H. HALLETT & Co. Portland, Maine. 9-1y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. DIGEL'S MARBLE FACTORY,

Water Street. Smethport, Pa.



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WHY DO YOU

Go away from home to

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BETTER BARGAINS AT HOME.

I employ none but

FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN,

And my work is WARRANTED to be of the most durable kind

Three goods are all hand-made by first class workmen and with first-class material, using both Hemlock and Oak tanned leather

CALL AT MY SHOP and I will convince you that I can do better by you than can any for eight dollars.

GLEASON & LEMMLER.

Smethport, Pa. April 21, 1879

MANHOOD

How Lost. How Restored.

Just published, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure of PREMATURE AND Terminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage etc., also, CONSUMPTION, Epilepsy and Fits; induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance &c.

The celebrated author in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately and radically.

☞ This lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, in plain envelope, to any address, on receipt of six cents or two postage stamps. We have also a work cure for Tape Worm.

Address the Publishers, THE CULVERWELL MEDICAL Co., 41 Ann St., New York, N. Y., Post Office Box 4586. 47-1y

New Carriage Shop

IN SMETHPORT.

CONKLIN WAGONS,

COURTLAND PLATFORMS,

ROAD WAGONS,

CARRIAGES,

AND SLEIGHS,

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

None but good material used. All work warranted and prices reasonable. Give me a call and you will go away well pleased.

SHOP ON MECHANIC STREET

W. H. Wetenhall.

SMETHPORT, March 10, 1881.—tf

A. REILLY,

Contractor in Stone Masonry, Brick Work, Lathing and Plastering.

LIME,

LATH,

PLASTER and

PLASTERING HAIR,

Furnished at the LOWEST RATES

HELP Yourselves by making money when a golden chance is offered. Hereby almost keeping poverty from your door. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. 5-1y

GET THE BEST!

RATHBONE, SARD & CO. ACORN STOVES & RANGES.

LEAD ALL OTHERS!

Every Style & Price.

Guaranteed Unequaled FOR

OPERATION,

ECONOMY,

DURABILITY and

WORKMANSHIP.

Improvements and Conveniences found in no others.

Always Reliable.

POPULAR EVERYWHERE.

For Sale in Every City and Town in the United States.

For sale by M. A. Sprague, dealer in general hardware, Smethport, Pa. 40-3m.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DRUGS,

PATENT MEDICINES.

School Books, Blank Books.

Stationery,

Fancy Goods.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

NEWS DEPOT AND CIRCULATING LIBRARY CAN BE FOUND AT

THE

DRUG AND BOOK STORE

—OF—

A. B. ARMSTRONG,

Smethport, Pa.

LARABEE GREENHOUSE,

has more plants than ever and they

Winter Blooming Plants

IN MANY VARIETIES.

Cut Flowers to Order or in Designs

LIVERY AND Exchange Stables

At The Wright House Barn.

FRANK MCKERY Proprietor

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

GOOD HORSES AND STYLISH RIGS

in order to any distance. Pleasure, Fishing and Hunting parties carried at reasonable rates

LIVERY AND Exchange Sables

F. G. WRIGHT, Proprietor

Parties desiring single or double rigs for pleasure or business purposes can be furnished at any time with

Good Horses and Stylish Rigs

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MARBLE FRONT BARBER SHOP

ALFRED STURDEVENT

Would respectfully announce to his patrons and the public generally that he has moved his Barber Shop into his new and handsome business rooms in Martin Pond building next door to W. T. Callar's store, Main street, where he is prepared to do

SHAVING,

HAIR-CUTTING,

SHAMPOOING,

In the latest style of the art. None but first-class workmen employed.

Bath Rooms Attached.

Main Street, Smethport, Pa.

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—DEALER IN—

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Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

W. T. CALLAR,

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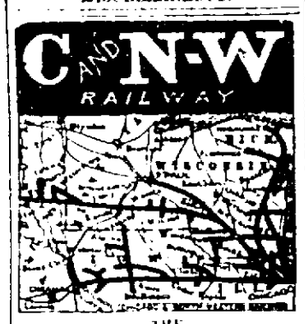

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Chicago & Northwestern Rail'y

IS THE

OLDEST! BEST CONSTRUCTED! BEST EQUIPPED! AND HENCE THE

LEADING RAILWAY

OF THE

WEST & NORTHWEST.

It is the short and best route between Chicago and all points in Northern Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Wyoming, Nebraska, California, Oregon, Arizona, Utah, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada and the

Council Bluffs, Omaha, Denver, Leadville, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Deadwood, Sioux City.

Under Rapids, Des Moines, Columbus, and all points in the Territories and the West. Also for Milwaukee, Green Bay, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha, Marquette, Ishpeming, Negaunee, Escanaba, Waukesha, Rockford, Freeport, Monona, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Huron, Volga, Fargo, Bismarck, Winona, La Crosse, Owatonna, and all points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin, and the Northwest.

At Council Bluffs the trains of the Chicago & Northwestern and the C. R. I. & P. Rys. depart from adjoining depots, and use the same great Union Depot.

All Chicago connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, P. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Grand Trunk Railways, and the Kanka & Valley of the Illinois Railroad.

At Junction Points, Counties, Cities and Towns, Ticket Offices are located over the Chicago & Northwestern Railway, where Through Tickets, and Rates, and Information can be obtained, and Through Checks for Baggage procured from the Agents of the Company.

PULLMAN HOTEL DINING CARS

BETWEEN

Chicago & Council Bluffs.

Pullman Sleepers on all Night Trains.

Through Tickets Agents selling via This Line are authorized to Receive Your Tickets, and Check Your Baggage Through over the Chicago & N. W. Railway.

SEND FOR A COPY OF "HOW TO TRAVEL."

Which will be sent you free, and contains valuable information to travelers.

A Ticket Agent of this Company will be found in attendance at the Transfer Depot, Chicago, to check Baggage and furnish information to Passengers.

MARVIN HUGHITT,

Gen'l Manager, Chicago.

CANCERS CURED!

AT CRANES' CANCER INFIRMARY,

ADDISON, N. Y.

Hundreds of Persons from all parts of the world have been cured of this loathsome disease, and are now living witnesses that they have been rescued from a horrible and untimely death. For free Circular, containing particulars, address Dr. C. CRANE, Addison, N. Y. 38-9tf

NEW

Meat and Vegetable MARKET!

Having recently opened a meat and Vegetable market in

SMETHPORT!

I am prepared to furnish the people of the town and adjacent country with

Fresh meat, Ham, Sausages, Salt meats, Corned Beef, Lard, Chickens, &c., always on hand.

ALSO,

VEGETABLES!

IN THEIR SEASON.

Highest market price paid for Hides.

C. W. WILLIAMS.

Main Street - - Smethport, Pa.

26tf

Fall & Winter OPENING! 1881.

JOSEPH & DORNBERG,

NO. 30 MAIN STREET,

ELDRED, PA.

Have Just Opened the Largest and Most complete Stock of

Boys' and Childrens'

CLOTHING

To be found anywhere. Their stock of

—GENTS'—

FURNISHING GOODS

IS IMMENSE.

Those preferring garments made to order can be accommodated, as a large stock of Foreign and Domestic piece goods is always on hand, and good fits guaranteed.

Joseph & Dornberg,

ELDRED, PA.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

McKEAN & BUFFALO RAILROAD Time table went into effect Monday, July 4th, 1881, at 8:33 o'clock, a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

MAIL—Leaves Larrabee 11.30 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 11.45; Reed's, 11.55; Farmers Valley, 11.50; Smethport, 12.05 p.m.; Crosby, 12.20; Colegrove, 12.30; Hamlin, 12.37; Westview, 12.45; Clermont, 12.57.

EXPRESS, No. 4.—Leaves Larrabee 5.20 p. m., arriving at Frisbee 5.35; Reed's 5.50; Farmers Valley 5.59; Smethport 6.05 p. m.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 6.—Leaves Larrabee 7.50 a.m., arriving at Frisbee 8; Reed's 8.05; Farmers Valley 8.15; Smethport 8.25.

LOCAL, No. 10, mixed, goes.—Leaves Larrabee 3.30 p.m., arriving at Frisbee 3.36; Reed's 3.50; Farmers Valley 4.15; Smethport 4.25; Crosby 4.45; Colegrove 4.55; Hamlin 5.05; Westview 5.20; Clermont 5.30.

CLERMONT COAL, Second Class, No. 20.—Leaves Larrabee 4.30 a. m., arriving at Frisbee 4.45; Reed's 5.00; Farmers Valley 5.15; Smethport 5.30; Crosby 5.50; Colegrove 6.00; Hamlin 6.10; Westview 6.20; Clermont 7.10.

NORTHWARD.

EXPRESS, No. 1.—Leaves Clermont 11.35 a. m., arriving at Westview at 7.00; Hamlin 7.09; Colegrove 7.20; Crosby 7.32; Smethport 8.15; Farmers Valley 8.35; Reed's 8.50; Frisbee 8.59; Larrabee 9.15.

MAIL, No. 3.—Leaves Clermont at 1.30 p. m., arriving at Westview 1.50; Hamlin 1.59; Colegrove 2.10; Crosby 2.20; Smethport, 2.55; Farmers Valley 3.10; Reed's 3.20; Frisbee 3.30; Larrabee 3.45.

ACCOMMODATION, No. 5.—Leaves Smethport, 9.30 a.m., arriving at Farmers Valley 9.52; Reed's 9.59; Frisbee 9.39; Larrabee 9.55.

LOCAL AND ACCOM., No. 15.—Leaves Smethport 5.10 p. m., arriving at Farmers Valley 5.32; Reed's 5.39; Frisbee 5.50; Larrabee 6.05.

BUFFALO COAL, No. 17.—Leaves Clermont at 5.40 p.m., arriving at Westview at 6.35; Hamlin 6.45; Colegrove 6.55; Crosby 7.10; Smethport 7.30; Farmers Valley 8.05; Reed's 8.15; Frisbee 8.25; Larrabee 7.05.

Trains will not stop at stations marked with a star (*), Trains will stop at stations marked thus (†) when flagged.

A. V. GODDEN, *Superintendent*

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division

Summer Time Table.

On and after SUNDAY, JUNE 12, 1881, the trains on the Phila. & Erie R. R. Div. will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Niagara Ex. leaves Phila	9 00	a. m.
" " " Renova	7 00	p. m.
" " " Driftwood	7 40	"
" " " Emporium	7 50	"
" " " St. Mary's	8 40	"
" " arrive at Kane	10 05	"
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia	11.55	"
" " " Renova	11 05	a. m.
" " " Kempton	1 30	p. m.
" " " St. Mary's	3 30	"
" " " Kane	3 50	"
" " arrive at Erie	7 45	"

EASTWARD.

DAY EX. leaves Kane	6 00	a. m.
" " arrives at Phila	6 45	a. m.
ERIE MAIL leaves Kane	11 25	a. m.
" " arrives at Phila	7 15	a. m.

Day Express and Niagara Express connect East with L. G. Div. and N. Y. & P. R. R.

Wm. A. BALDWIN.

Gen'l Supt.

BRADFORD, BORDELL & KINZUA RAIL-Road Time Table. Takes effect Monday, December 26, 1881.

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	No. 2	No. 4	No. 6	No. 8
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Bradford, Dep	7 00	2 00	5 45	9 00
Pine Crossing	7 06	2 06	5 51	9 06
Tarport	7 14	2 14	5 59	9 14
Chapin	7 20	2 20	6 05	9 20
Hankerson	7 26	2 26	6 11	9 26
Forest	7 32	2 32	6 17	9 32
Taylor	7 38	2 38	6 23	9 38
Maplewood	7 42	2 42	6 27	9 42
Kinzua Junction	7 45	2 45	6 30	9 45
Morris	7 54	2 54	6 39	9 54
Meade City	7 58	2 58	6 43	9 58
Mechanicsport	7 58	2 58	6 43	9 58
Raw City	8 06	3 06	6 51	10 06
Bordell Ar.	8 08	3 08	6 53	10 08
Tarmana Dep	8 08	3 08	6 53	10 08
Allens	7 34	2 34	6 20	9 34
Aikes	7 35	2 35	6 21	9 35
Davis Switch	8 05	3 05	6 50	10 05
Van Vleck's	8 10	3 10	6 55	10 10
Sampson	8 13	3 13	6 58	10 13
Ormsbie's	8 17	3 17	7 02	10 17
Smethport Ar	8 20	3 20	7 05	10 20

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS.	No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	No. 7
	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.	p. m.
Smethport Dep	8 30	3 15	7 15	10 30
Ormsby's	7 02	3 47	7 47	11 02
Sampson	7 17	3 59	7 59	11 17
Van Vleck	7 20	4 02	8 02	11 20
Davis Switch	7 25	4 07	8 07	11 25
Aikes	7 35	4 16	8 16	11 35
Allens	7 36	4 17	8 17	11 36
Harmans	7 42	4 23	8 23	11 42
Bordell	7 55	4 36	8 36	11 55
Raw City	7 58	4 39	8 39	11 58
Mechanicsport	7 58	4 39	8 39	11 58
Meade City	8 02	4 43	8 43	12 02
Morris	7 53	4 49	8 49	12 08
Kinzua Junction	7 57	4 53	8 53	12 12
Maplewood	7 59	4 55	8 55	12 14
Taylor	8 03	4 59	8 59	12 18
Forest	8 07	5 03	9 03	12 22
Hankerson	8 13	5 09	9 09	12 28
Chapin	8 19	5 15	9 15	12 34
Tarport	8 25	5 21	9 21	12 40
Pine Crossing	8 32	5 28	9 28	12 47
Bradford Ar	8 38	5 35	9 35	12 53

Trains will be run by New York time.

During Court week the 4.30 p. m. train will be held at Smethport until 6.00 p. m.

All Passenger Trains make direct connections at Kinzua Junction with trains to and from Raw City and Bordell.

SUNDAY TRAINS leave Bradford at 9.15 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Leave Smethport at 9.15 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

B. C. WILLIAMS, Supt.

Buffalo, New York & Philadelphia R'y.

Trains Run on Buffalo Time.

NO SUNDAY TRAINS.

NORTHWARD.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD.
a. m. p. m.	Ar. Lv.	a. m. p. m.
8 20 7 20	Buffalo	5 00 2 00
8 16 7 05	Elmwood	5 16 5 45
8 05 6 54	Spring Brook	5 25 5 55
7 56 6 50	Rink	5 30 6 00
7 54 6 45	Jamison	5 35 6 07
7 45 6 37	East Aurora	5 42 6 15
7 31 6 27	Wales	5 52 6 27
7 29 6 23	Holland	5 56 6 32
7 16 6 06	Protestown	6 10 6 47
7 08 5 53	A. & N. Y. & P. R. R. Jun.	6 17 6 55
6 54 5 40	Arcade	6 28 7 10
6 42 5 28	Yorkshire	6 40 7 22
6 31 5 19	Machias Junc.	6 49 7 31
6 25 5 05	Franklinville	6 56 7 37
6 18 5 01	Ischua	7 00 7 41
6 12 4 57	Rhodale	7 04 7 46
6 00 4 32	Erie Ry Junc.	7 30 8 15
5 39 4 14	Olean	7 48 8 36
5 32 4 08	Portville	7 54 8 42
5 27 4 03	Eldred	8 00 8 47
5 17 3 50	Larrabees	8 12 9 02
5 02 3 33	Port Allegany	8 26 9 15
4 52 3 24	Liberty	8 35 9 24
4 46 3 17	Keating	8 42 9 30
4 40 3 12	Shippen	8 47 9 37
4 30 3 00	Emporium	9 00 9 50
p.m. a.m.	Ar.	a.m. p.m.

CONNECTIONS.

At Buffalo, with all Railroads diverging.

At N. & B. Ry Junction, with N. & B. Ry.

At Meadville, with Junction of N. & B. Ry.

At Erie Ry Junc., with N. L. E. & W. Ry.

At Olean, with O. B. & W. Ry. for Bradford.

At Eldred, with L. & E. Ry. for Bradford.

At Larrabees, with McKean & Buffalo Ry.

At Emporium, with Philadelphia & E. Ry.

Train leaving Buffalo at 2 p.m. makes direct connections at Emporium for points south and East. Through Sleeping Car from Rochester.

F. E. BUELL, Gen. Pass. Agent.

G. F. & T. Agent.

In effect Oct. 17, 1881.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Cures Scrofula, Erysipelas, Pimples and Facial Grubs, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Humors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sores, Mercurial Diseases, Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Affections of the Liver, Indigestion, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and General Debility. Directions in eleven languages.

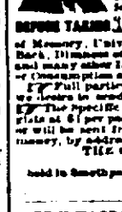
A course of Burdock Blood Bitters will satisfy the most obstinate case that it is a Great Blood Purifier as well as the best Tonic. Price, $1.00. Trial Size, 10 cts.

FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Prop'rs, Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport, Pa. 33Dec'81,1y.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK. The Great English Remedy. TRADE MARK.



Gallery cures for Nervous Weakness, Impotency, Lost Manhood, Seminal Losses, Impaired Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to Insanity or Consumption and a Premature Grave.

☞ Full particulars in pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Sold in Smethport by A. B. Armstrong. 33Dec'81,1y.

BEFORE TAKING. AFTER TAKING.

ESTEY ORGANS.

RICHEST AND PUREST TONE. NEW AND ATTRACTIVE STYLES. Best Discounts for Cash or Instalments. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

EUGENE L. SMITH,

SOLE AGENT FOR MCKEAN COUNTY. 101 Main Street, BRADFORD, PA. Next Door to Iron Tank Building.

HARDWARE

At the BRICK STORE, Cor. Main and Fulton Streets.

CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND

The best stock of STOVES,

RANGES AND TINWARE.

The best stock of NAILS, IRON

AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

The best stock of OILS VARNISHES

AND WHITE LED.

The best stock of LAMPS,

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.

The best stock of WOODEN WARE,

BROOMS AND GLASS.

SILVER AND PLATED WARE

A Specialty.

REMEMBER—I can't call on you individually, but I can and will sell you goods cheaper. Don't forget the place. But I CARRY A STOCK for the benefit of my customers, and I will not be undersold for cash.

M. A. SPRAGUE.

To Nervous Sufferers—The Great European Remedy—Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine.

Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine is a positive cure for spermatorrhœa, impotency, sexual excesses and all diseases resulting from self-abuse, as nervous debility, irritability, mental anxiety, languor, lassitude, depression of spirits and functional derangements of the nervous system generally, pains in back or side, loss of memory, premature old age and baldness, and that lead to consumption, insanity, and an untimely grave, or both. No matter how shattered the system may be from excesses of any kind, a short course of this medicine will restore the lost health and happiness, where by law or nature it can be restored. The Specific Medicine is being used with wonderful success.

Pamphlets sent free to all. Write for them and get full particulars. Price, $1.00 per package, or six packages for $5.00. Will be sent by mail on receipt of money. Address all orders, J. B. Simpson's Medicine Co., Mam. Ins. and 166 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold in Smethport by A. B. Armstrong. 9-1y

AGENTS WANTED EVERYWHERE to sell the Celebrated Improved Common Sense Family Knitting Machine. Price reduced to $50. It will knit a great variety of fancy work for which there is always a ready sale. Agents can clear from $200 to $500 per month. The machine is not liable to get out of order, and is warranted for five years. Call or send for circular and terms to the Manufacturers, Johnson, Clark & Co., 26 Union Square, New York. Mention this paper. 33Dec'81,1y.

NEW RICH BLOOD!

Forever Purifies Your Blood and will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 pill each night from 1 to 12 boxes may be restored to sound health, if such a thing may be possible, or even a better assertion. Send for circular and testimonials. Address

J. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass. Formerly Bangor, Me. 32-1y.

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Specht & Snase.

PRACTICAL UNDERTAKERS,

Having purchased an elegant new Hearse, are prepared to attend all calls intrusted to their charge.